# FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[OLD SERIES—VOL. L—NO. 2,578.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1884. [NEW SERIES—VOL. II.—NO. 88.]


### Before it is Too Late.

Sweet friend, when thou and I are gone
Beyond earth's weary labor,
When small shall be our need of grace
From comrade or from neighbor,
Passed all the strife, the toil, the care,
And done with all the sighing,
What tender ruth shall we have gained,
Alas, by simply dying.

Then lips too chary of their praise
Will tell our merits over,
And eyes too swift our faults to see
Shall no defect discover.
Then hands that would not lift a stone
Where stones were thick to cumber
Our steep hill path, will scatter flowers
Above our pillowed slumber.

Sweet friend, perchance both thou and I,
Ere love is past forgiving,
Should take the earnest lesson home—
Be patient with the living.
Be patient with the living. Today's suppressed rebuke may save
Our blinding tears to-morrow;
Then patience—e'en when keenest edge
May whet a nameless sorrow.

'Tis easy to be gentle when
Death's silence shames our clamor,
And easy to discern the best
Through memory's mystic glamour;
But wise it were for thee and me,
Ere love is past forgiving,
To take the tender lesson home—
Be patient with the living.

—*Margaret E. Sangster.*

### New York Correspondence.

Politics! Politics!—How the Money Talks—Tourgee and Blaine—The Fall Trade—An Opportunity for Fayetteville—Sankey Redivivus.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

NEW YORK, September 29th, 1884.

MR. EDITOR:—The political battle rages as fiercely all along the line that every moment which can be spared from business is devoted to the discussion of the great questions which agitate the minds of the American people to-day. In New York, Ohio and West Virginia every stump is mastered and every hall is occupied by champions of one side or the other. Money flows like water from both the Democratic and Republican bar'ls and the people are wrought up to fever heat.

Senator Jones, in charge of the National Democratic Head Quarters, assured me to-day that they continue to receive the most encouraging news from every State, and that their confidence in the election of Cleveland and Hendricks is unabated.

The junketing tour of the "Plumed Knight" does not disturb them at all, but on the contrary they think that the presence of the "Star routers," and monopolists, with the "great combination" will serve to alienate many men from Blaine, who might otherwise have voted for him. The action of the young Republican club of Brooklyn shows a defection of from 20 to 25 per cent. of their 2500 members. Its leaders have deserted it, and having dropped its white satin banner of non partisanship, it dashed off like a light horse brigade to the camp of the Philistines, leaving its Generals behind. Taking this as a criterion by which to judge the sentiment of Brooklyn, Cleveland will have a majority of more than 30 000 in that city, and even allowing only 10 per cent as the measure of defection throughout the State, we figure up Cleveland's majority in New York as 90,875

Garfield received 555 544 votes. Hancock received 534 511. By transferring 10 per cent of Garfield's vote to the Democratic column we have for

| | |
|---|---|
| Blaine | 499 690 |
| Cleveland | 589 965 |
| Cleveland's majority | 90,875 |

Of course the Butler vote is an unknown quantity but the best informed politicians assert their belief that he will not poll 25,000 votes, though I think it will be greater. Many persons think St. John's vote will counterbalance Butler's, and so leave the struggle between Cleveland and Blaine unaffected by these side issues.

Wm. Purcell, the able editor of the Rochester *Union*, who resigned the editorship of that staunch Democratic paper because he could not support Cleveland, has returned to his allegiance.

The various Exchanges (notably the Stock Exchange which never had a Democratic club before) have organized Cleveland clubs on whose rolls are the names of many prominent Republicans. Tammany Hall will nominate a straight county and city ticket but it is thought at State Head Quarters, that it will not injure Cleveland, but may serve to "scoop in" most of the Butler vote for our man. Blaine claimes three and possibly five Southern States. Is North Carolina one of them? If so it only shows that he is simply whistling to keep his courage up.

HOW THE MONEY TALKS.

A prominent Republican member of the Cleveland Club yesterday bet $1,000 with W. T. Calhran that Cleveland will carry New York by 25,000 majority.

The following letters explain themselves, and any supporters of Mr. Blaine can place their money if they wish to back up their talk:

*To the Editor of The World:*

Will you oblige three old patrons of your paper by placing the annexed figures where they will be likely to catch the eye of our Blaine, Butler, St. John and Lockwood friends.

One thousand dollars even Cleveland carries New York by 50,000 majority.

One thousand to $500 that he carries New York by 10,000 majority.

One thousand even that he carries Ohio.

Twenty-five hundred to $7,500 he carries Iowa.

One thousand to $400 he carries New Jersey.

Five thousand to $3,500 he will be elected.

This money, 11 500 in all, is now on deposit with Geo. Ruckert, No. 65 Bowery. Very Respectfully,

HENRY ORRINGE,
AUGUSTUS ROBBINS,
LOSS CURTIS.

P. S.—Bets will be arranged by Mr. Geo. Ruckert in small amounts and deposited with any responsible party or institution named by betters.

*To the Editor of The World:*

In your edition of this date you have given prominence to the propositions I made, but you quote my residence incorrectly. In addition to the offers made by me I will also wager the following:

One thousand dollars even that Cleveland will have a majority over Blaine in 600 election districts of this county.

One thousand dollars against $200 that Butler will not carry one election district in the County of New York. Yours truly,

JAMES PATTERSON.

No. 209 Seventh avenue, corner Twenty-second street.

New York, Sept. 26, 1884.

I send you herewith a new and damaging charge against Blaine, in which Henry Ward Beecher takes a part. By the way, this fooling with Beecher is a serious business, for he is a dangerous gun to trifle with. He will certainly go off at the muzzle, and the experience of the young man who recently wrote him a letter showed that even at the *breech* he *may* explode and kick up what is vulgarly called the ——

When Beecher opens his batteries on Blaine, which he is expected to do on next Wednesday night, he will make the fur fly.

An amusing encounter took place the other day at Dunkirk, N. Y., between Col. Fellows and "Judge" Tourgee, which I copy from the Springfield *Republican* as follows:

"Judge Tourgee, who has been wont to print his name as editor of the *Continent* paper with an Hon. before it, did not have an altogether happy time at Dunkirk, N. Y., the other day. He appeared as the defender of Blaine in a joint discussion with Colonel Fellows, of New York, who advocated the election of Cleveland. Judge Tourgee spoke first and at length and then Colonel Fellows followed, to annihilate him by reading an editorial published in the *Continent* prior to the Republican National Convention. In that article Judge Tourgee started off with the statement that 'if the Republican party seeks to commit hari kari, the quickest and surest method for it to do so is by the nomination of James G. Blaine for the Presidency.' This was followed by the statement that 'this disabilities as a candidate are radical and incurable.' Then came a bill of particulars, opening with this: 'In the first place, he is the incarnation of all the reprehensible elements of the Republican party.' He is a politician in the low sense in which the term is used. To his mind statesmanship is synonymous with trickery.' It will be unnecessary to follow the Judge further. He was obliged to retire from the contest worsted, amid the derisive cheers and laughter of the audience. There is a sober side to all this, and it is illustrated every night on the Republican stump when men of eminence consent to defend and advocate the election of a man who has trafficked on his public trusts."

"There is still another side to this, which is, that Tourgee's experience with his worthless novel may have convinced him that the great majority of Republicans are fools, who are never so well pleased as when all the rules of common sense are outraged. Tourgee has about the same relations to literature and logic that Steve Elkins has to patriotism and common honesty. Elkins loves the old flag for the jobbery it cloaks, and Tourgee is devoted to pen and ink because his incoherent swash, when duly published, brings grist to his mill."

This shows what some of our Northern friends think of this "fool" who tried to run North Carolina for a while.

Thank God we are rid of such "cattle," at least in State offices, and I trust that soon all the offices both State and Federal will be filled by our own sons in whose hands the honor and good name of our people will be safe.

The busy season is on the wane and the trade doesn't pan out as large as last Fall. Still, it has been pretty satisfactory. I was rather surprised to hear a merchant from Greensboro say yesterday that their trade had fallen off and he thought it was caused by the building of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. He says that the Fayetteville merchants took advantage of the building of the road Northward and gathered in the trade from that section through which the road dragged its weary length along.

I was glad to hear such a tribute to the tact and enterprise of your merchants, and I hope to hear of your going Southward in a like spirit. Your merchants have a fine field for operations Southward, especially this Fall; for there have been fewer merchants here from that section and less goods sold there, than for many years past.

Last evening, I heard for the first time, the celebrated Mr. Sankey sing. He was advertised to appear at the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church, and as early as 7 o'clock the side-walks for nearly a block away were packed wit "the faithful," eager to hear the *performance*. Now, don't misinterpret my meaning, but seriously these great crowds and the manner of conducting these fashionable "services of song," do certainly rob the church service of that solemnity which otherwise they ought to and do possess.

Well, with difficulty, we pushed our way into the vestibule, and so heard the great singer. He has a clear, ringing voice of great power and sweetness—singing with ease and pronouncing every word distinctly, a quality which few public singers possess. He sang, by request, the celebrated hymn, "ninety and nine," preceding the singing by the statement "that while travelling between Glasgow and Edinburgh, Scotland, with Mr. Moody, some years ago, he noticed the words of the song in an obscure corner of a newspaper. They struck him as just what he had always longed for, and the next night after Mr. Moody and several other celebrated revivalists had preached on the subject of the lost sheep, he, without having written out the music, got up and sang the words to the music which together have become famous the world over. The authoress he said was a young lady of Melrose, Scotland, whom he afterwards met and thanked for her contribution to the hymnody of the world.

This contradicts the statement heretofore current that the author was a Unitarian minister.

The city churches are again in *full blast*. The over-worked ministers and their scattered flocks are again in their accustomed places and the work of evangelizing the world is once more begun in earnest.

This reminds me of the remark made by my "eight-year-older," while spending a few weeks in the country this summer. His aunt asked him to go to church with the family one Sunday, to which he replied: "Oh! I can't do that, for our church in Brooklyn has gone on a vacation."

Yours, J. H. A.

THE SOUTH AT COPENHAGEN.—Referring to an address by Rev. Dr. Hoge, of Richmond, Va., made before the Evangelical alliance in session at Copenhagen, and which led to an invitation to Dr. Hoge to call upon the wife of the heir to the Danish throne, Mr. L. C. Vass writes the *Presbyterian* as follows:

This address seems to have made a profound impression. I know that many persons, members of the Alliance, and others, have been to Dr. Hoge and thanked him for it. I heard one lady, after the last meeting, in the celebrated lady chapel—the Thorwaldsen church—tell him how she thanked him for it, in view of her own family work. I feel especially glad of this, because we have but few delegates from the United States; and more than that, but two from our dear South. A gentleman at court told Dr. Hoge that the Princess had never seen a Virginian; and that he was glad to meet a *Southern* man; for in Denmark they thought that all Americans were illiterate, and rough people. But now he found to the contrary; the only good speakers here had been the Americans, Drs. Schaff and Hall, and himself; and that he, (Dr. H.) was the best of them all. He said that in fact the Hollanders thought of the Americans just as the English do!! Was not that a *lie*!

It is a happy circumstance for the South, that we had such a representative man here. For another reason too was it well. Who would imagine that

STONEWALL JACKSON

would be brought to the front here? But this courtier, while Dr. H. was waiting for a summons to the room of the Princess, spoke of Stonewall Jackson, and said that he regarded him as the great hero of the late war. When he found that Dr. Hoge knew General Jackson personally, and had been so much associated with the family, he was delighted, because he had never seen any man who knew anything personally of the hero. He talked much of him, and then asked Dr. H. when he went in to see the Princess, to tell her also, about General Jackson. This he did.

### Liberal in Politics.

A widow who keeps a small grocery and saloon on Russell street, hired a man to bring her in a liberty pole the other day, and last evening it was raised in front of her place. As the pole was elm and the flag had no name on it the crowd was anxious to know for which party the pole was raised. When the "tree" had been planted a short fat man mounted a box and began: "My frens, dot pole vhas oop. Dot flag vash shtreaming oudt vafer a free beoples. Dis vhas a great country und dot pole cost mort ash eight dollar. We haf a free government und dot flag cost more ash two dollar. In dis country we can pay some taxes und haf some bolitics und a goot time, und dis vidow vhomans sells der werry best larger in Detroit. Eavery mans in America vahs shust ash goot ash somebody else, und it vash goot to batronize dis vidow vhomans vhen you vants some groceries."

"Who does she vote for?" called a voice.

"If dot vhoman votes dis fall," replied the orator, "she put on der name of Cleafland und Blaine und Ben Butler und Tom Collins. She vhas liberal in bolities und she gifs you more clothes pins for ten cents as any odder man in Detroit. My frens, dis campaign vhas now open und all der batriots vhas excited like tunder. My speech vhas glosed. In glosing him oop I informs you dot five cents puys a schooner of beer of dis vidow sooch ash you find nowhere eles in dis gountry. We vhill now adjourn."—*Detroit Free Press.*

WHAT THE LABORING MEN GOT BY LISTENING TO FALSE DOCTRINE.—In 1880 the Republican national committee issued placards bearing this legend: "Republican protection means plenty of work with good wages and empty poorhouses. Democratic free trade means closed workshops, starvation wages and crowded poorhouses."

Mr. David A. Wells now refers to this and says: "Somebody has blundered, and blundered terribly, in respect to our national fiscal and commercial policy. Our idle mills, our unused furnaces, our deserted mines, our unemployed laborers, our recent and almost universal wage reductions, our confessed inability of nearly all artisan industries to continue operations, the demoralization of all business, and our rapidly vanishing mercantile marine are sufficiently abundant testimonials."

GENERAL SCALES.—General Scales's general condition is very good. He does not find much difficulty in standing up, but when he undertakes to put his sprained leg forward to walk, he suffers great pain—similar to acute rheumatism. He hopes to be out next week. It is possible, however, that this expectation may be disappointed. His confinement is a great annoyance to him. With care, there is no reason for apprehension.—*Raleigh News and Observer, 27th.*

### The New Secretary of the Treasury.

The President has appointed Postmaster General Gresham Secretary of the Treasury, in place of the late Secretary Folger. The public in general, and that portion of the public in particular who send and receive newspapers and letters, have little cause to like Mr. Gresham. He spends so much of his time in making war upon the Louisiana Lottery Company and in playing poker with his assistant Hatton, that the mail service has come to be a nuisance.

Of the appointment of Judge Gresham, which appears to have been very hastily decided upon, the Washington correspondent of the New York *Times*, under date of Sept. 25, gives this curious history:

Within the hour preceding midnight last night the Hon. Walter Q. Gresham became ex Postmaster General, accepted the position of Secretary of the Treasury, and qualified for that place by taking the proper oath of office. Judge Gresham had gone to bed when the bell rung at his house a little after 11 o'clock. He was awakened to learn that his visitor was Third Assistant Secretary of State Adee, who handed him the commission of President Arthur appointing him Secretary of the Treasury. It was undoubtedly a surprise to Judge Gresham, who had told friends at 10 o'clock that he did not know who would be appointed Secretary, and had earlier in the evening made partial arrangements to go on a short fishing trip up the Potomac. Secretary of the Navy Chandler, who lives a few doors from Judge Gresham, was called in and accepted the Postmaster General's resignation on behalf of the President. Mr. Adee then suggested that the new Secretary ought to be sworn into office before midnight, as the time in which he must be appointed would expire at that hour. The three gentlemen drove hastily to the house of Judge Wylie on Thomas Circle, and the ex-Postmaster-General took the oath of office before that Judge. At 10 o'clock to-day Secretary Gresham walked into the Treasury Department and at once entered upon the performance of his new duties. This afternoon he left the city to visit the President, and find out just what it all means.

Nobody here knows positively whether the President expects Judge Gresham to retain the Treasury portfolio until the 4th of March next, or for only a few days or weeks. It is the general belief, however, that the appointment is of a temporary character. Judge Gresham was offered the Secretaryship very soon after Judge Folger's death, but did not accept. Now it is thrust upon him, and the President has 10 days, exclusive of Sundays, in which to appoint a Postmaster General. It was a matter of surprise among the officials that Mr. Frank Hatton's commission for that office did not accompany the credentials of Secretary Gresham. That any other person will be the successor of Judge Gresham is not thought of, and the politicians are already talking about who will follow Mr. Hatton as First Assistant Postmaster General.

Various reasons are given for regarding Secretary Gresham's appointment as temporary. Most people feel sure that the Secretary has finally decided to accept the place on the United States Circuit Court Bench, made vacant by the resignation of Judge Drummond. They think that the President has offered the Treasury portfolio to ex Secretary McCulloch, ex Secretary Boutwell, or Levi P. Morton, and that he is waiting for a definate answer. The answer not coming before the time expired in which the office had to be filled, Judge Gresham was named at the last moment and took the place as an accommodation to the President. Assuming this to be true, it is expected that Secretary Gresham will succeed Judge Drummond early in October. There are other people who believe that the appointment is made in good faith, and that it is accepted as a stepping stone to a higher political position. They declare that Secretary Gresham has not yet given up hope of taking Mr. Voorhees's place in the United States Senate, there to make a record entitling him to the nomination for a still higher office by the Republican party in 1888. Those who think this, however, are in the minority. Nearly every body here will be greatly surprised if Secretary Gresham remains another month in the Cabinet.

By virtue of his present office, Mr. Hatton will act as Postmaster-General for the coming 10 days. If his commission is not signed by that time he can be specially designated to act for another 10 days, at the end of which the new Postmaster General must be named. During Judge Gresham's absence Assistant Secretary Coon will continue to act as Secretary.

CAMPAIGN HUMOR.—The line upon which Belva Lockwood will conduct her campaign is the crinoline.—*Phila. Press.*

The new drink is called Blaine punch. Two glasses make a man feel like dancing Fisher's hornpipe.—*Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.*

Butler seems to have a hard time to keep the country from forgetting that he is running for the Presidency.—*Kansas City Star.*

We must be up and doing, or Mme. Belva and her petticoated, ruffled, fluted and banged followers will compass our ruin.—*Philadelphia Item.*

Belva Lockwood is the first Presidential candidate who never used a razor. Don't make a mistake and attribute this to youth.—*Boston Budget.*

When a stump speaker takes a glass of water and pretends to be drinking, he is simply fishing for another idea. Away from the platform he would not look at water.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

In an account of an interview with Mrs. Belva Lockwood, the Woman Suffrage candidate for the Presidency is represented as saying: "As for old Ben, we have been chums for a long time." Send for Dr. Ball!—*Buffalo Courier.*


## N. C., Harnett County,

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT—BEFORE THE CLERK.

N. W. Ray and Z. B. Newton, Adm'rs of Archibald McKay *vs.* J. M. Strong, John McKay, Arch'd McKay, M. A. McKay and others, Heirs of Arch'd McKay.

*Special Proceeding to make Real Estate Assets.*

THIS is a special proceeding by the Administrator of the Estate of Archibald McKay, late of Cumberland County, N. C., to sell his lands to pay his debts, in which the heirs of the said McKay are necessary parties; and it appearing by affidavit to the satisfaction of the Court, that the question involved is one of general or common interest to all of said heirs, and that they are very numerous, and that certain of said heirs hereinafter named and referred to, cannot after due diligence be found within the State; It is on motion, ordered, that a notice be published in the Fayetteville OBSERVER, a newspaper published in Fayetteville, N. C., for six weeks, requiring John M. Strong, John McKay, Archibald McKay, Wm. Rainey and wife Julia, and all the children and heirs of Alex. McKay, deceased; and of Mary Salmon Mann; and of Mary Ann Rowe; and of Elizabeth Shemwell; and of Chloe McCormodale; and of Henrietta Purcell, and of Sarah Chloe McRorie, the names and residences of whom are unknown; and also any other heirs of the said Archibald McKay, whose names and residences are unknown; to appear at the Court House in Lillington on Tuesday, November 11th, 1884, at 10 o'clock A. M. and answer or demur to the complaint filed in said proceeding; in default of which the petitioners will take a decree directing a sale of the lands of which said Archibald McKay died seized; and that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the payment of his debts; And it is further adjudged that on account of the impracticability of bringing all of said heirs before the Court, that one or more may defend said action for the whole. J. W. ATKINS, Clerk of Superior Court of Harnett Coun.y.

Sept 12, 1884 85-6w

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| 20 | do 500 | 10 000 |
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| 500 | do 50 | 25,000 |
| 1000 | do 25 | 25,000 |

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DANIEL McNATT
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Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 18, 1884. 85tf

## 1870. 1884.

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Goods delivered free.

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To our country friends we would say we keep a general stock of Goods at wholesale and retail. Call and see me.

I will pay the highest market price for country produce.

J. A. GAINEY, Ag't.
March 26, 1884. 60tf

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FOR THE

WHISKERS

Will change the beard to a natural brown, or black, as desired. It produces a permanent color that will not wash away. Consisting of a single preparation, it is applied without trouble.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

FOR ALL THE FORMS OF Scrofulous, Mercurial, and Blood Disorders, the best remedy, because the most searching and thorough blood-purifier, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles, $5.

## ANY COTTON

OR OTHER PRODUCE

shipped us will receive our prompt attention, and highest prices paid, and prompt returns made.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.,

*HAY STREET.*

## GEO. A. THOMSON,

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

Family Supplies.
General Merchandise.
Rock Bottom Prices

AND

GOOD GOODS,
54 PERSON STREET,
Wholesale and Retail
PROVISION DEALER.

GEO. A. THOMSON.
Nov 29, 1883 43tf

## Express Steamboat Co. and Steamer Wave.

STEAMER SCHEDULE

ON and after April 1st and until further notice the Steamer D. Murchison, Capt. J. C. Smith, will leave Fayetteville every Tuesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington every Wednesday and Saturday at 2 P. M.

Steamer Wave, Capt. W. A. Robeson will leave Fayetteville every Wednesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington Monday and Thursday at 2 o'clock P. M.

A. B. WILLIAMS & Co.,
Agents, Fayetteville, N. C
Sept 4, 1884. 83tf

## Saw Mill on C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

WE are now ready to fill orders for LUMBER in any quantity, cut from the best of Timber. Orders left with R. M. Nimocks, our Agent, Fayetteville, N. C., will have prompt attention.

DANIEL McNATT & SON.
June 12, 1884. 71tf

## Sunnyside Nursery.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS and other Bulbs for Fall planting. Please send in your orders as soon as possible, to be delivered in October.

Tuberoses are blooming. We can furnish bouquets, baskets of cut flowers, &c. Send orders to JAMES M. LAMB, Sunnyside, Fayetteville, N. C.
Sept 4, 1884 67-1y

## New York & Wilmington S. S. Co.

For Fayetteville via Wilmington, N. C.

FREIGHT received daily from Boston, Providence and Fall River, at Pier 34 East River, New York.

RATES LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For information apply to
Messrs. WM. P. CLYDE,
Gen'l Agent, No. 35 Broadway, N. Y.
H. C. SMALLBONES, Sup't,
Wilmington, N. C.
Sept 4, 1884 83-3m

## WOOL CARDING.

HAVING recently purchased at the North and put in operation in my Merchant Mills a complete set of

Wool Carding Machinery,

I am prepared to give satisfaction to all of my country friends who want such work done.

MY MACHINERY IS FIRST-CLASS,

of new design, and turns out work that I KNOW WILL PLEASE.

Prompt attention paid to the wants of customers, and prices reasonable. Send me your work, and I will guarantee satisfaction as to quantity, quality and price.

BEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR WOOL, AND WOOL ROLLS FOR SALE.

JAS. D. McNEILL.
Fayetteville, April 23, 1884. 64tf

## THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.

OFFERS HIS PROFESsional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

☞ Office North-east corner Market Square.
April 29, 1880. 2-1f

## R. S. HUSKE,

Attorney at Law

No. 2 OLD STREET,
*FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.*
Feb'y 13, 1884. 54tf

## BUGGIES! BUGGIES!!

WE HAVE JUST ADDED TO A LARGE and well assorted stock of our own make of

Buggies, Rockaways, &c.,

120 of "Cook's Standard Cincinnati"

Jump Seats, Phaetons, Side Bars,

Top and No-Top Buggies.

This work we bought at a bargain and are offering lower than ever before sold in this market, and to dealers or clubs in lots we can offer some special inducements.

Call and examine quality and prices and go our prices whether you wish to buy or not.

HARNESS!

at all kinds of prices to go with this work.

A. A. McKETHAN & SONS.
Fayetteville, June 15, 1882. 112tf

## OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

A LARGE LOT OF Newspaper exchanges can be had cheap on application at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

# OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 9, 1884


*Of course revenue reform must come from other quarters. It cannot come from the representatives of the FAVORED CLASSES, who ask inequality in legislation that there may be unjust inequality in the profits of the varied pursuits of the people.*—THOS. A. HENDRICKS, at Indianapolis, Aug. 30.

## THE SURPLUS REVENUE.

As we said two weeks ago, the present contest between the Democratic and Republican parties is simply a struggle between the people and the favored classes—between the many whom God made strongest, and the rich few whose riches aided by a clever political *legerdemain* have changed the natural order of things, and made them strongest.

There is nothing new in this, nor, in fact, in any of the important issues of the day. The contest over the tariff has been going on since the government began. The other method of impoverishing the many for the benefit of the few, viz: by hoarding the surplus revenue in the Treasury, was also a question with which our fathers had to deal. Dr. Wayland was an authority on political economy fifty years ago. There had been a surplus in the Treasury before, and lecturing in 1837 to his classes at Brown University, the learned man declared that a surplus revenue was a public nuisance. "It gives to the government," said he, "a control over the monetary affairs of the country, at the best, dangerous; and a control which is very liable to be exerted for the promotion of party purposes. It hence gives an additional, an unnecessary, and a dangerous power to a majority, and gives them the means of perpetuating that power, indefinitely. It is taking productive capital from the hands of the owners, and vesting it in hands where there is every temptation to spend it uselessly, if not viciously. The world has never yet seen a government so pure, that it would not become corrupt, if a surplus revenue were permanently placed at its disposal.

"Of that portion of the late surplus revenue which has been distributed among the States, the greater part has already been appropriated to internal improvements of very doubtful utility. No man can look upon such a waste of property without pain, especially when he remembers, that these millions were raised by obliging the poor man to pay a higher price for his coat, his axe, his loaf of bread, his salt, and his fuel."

Now how is it that the real majority becomes a minority and the few for whose benefit these engines of oppression were designed are enabled to get a majority on their side? By using the people's money to corrupt the people. By assessments on the people's servants, the 110,000 federal office holders, who are compelled under fear of dismissal from office, to contribute a portion of the money which the people pay them for attending to the public business, to the campaign funds of the party in power. By spreading broad-cast through the land pamphlets—printed with the money thus taken from the people—that contain the false arguments of "protection." By the bribery of patronage dispensed through this army of office-holders. And, finally, by impoverishing the people by the tariff and by the withdrawal of money from circulation until the people become an easy prey to the temptations of those who control the revenue thus unlawfully accumulated.

Now, is this great giant, the people, willing tamely to submit to such galling slavery as this state of affairs indicates? Have they no manhood left to assert their rights through the powerful engine of a free ballot? Will they not, under the burden of this monstrous taxation—which bears heaviest upon the poor man because it is a tax upon the *consumer*, and not, like the State tax, a tax upon *property*—will they not rise in their might and crush out at the polls a system that reverses the fundamental idea of a people's government, and subjects the many to the few?

## A WORD WITH THE LABORING MAN.

The present system of taxation by the government and the locking up in the vaults of the Treasury at Washington of the surplus taxes, impoverishes the people, and enriches those who live in the money centres. It withdraws capital from the country towns like Fayetteville. It stimulates manufacturing until there are more manufacturers than the consumers can support. Then the market is glutted, and prices tumble, and the laborer is thrown out of employment or works on part time. Next the fierce competition in the money centres drives the wealthy capitalists there to seek out the profitable minor manufactures of the country towns. Their great wealth—accumulated during the period that protection enriched them and before the market was glutted—enables them to manufacture more cheaply than the country manufacturer. The country manufacturer in turn is unable to protect himself by enlarging his operations so as to produce as cheaply as his Northern competitor, because he cannot borrow money as cheaply, if he can borrow atall. Hence his industry languishes, his workmen are put on half time, and suffering ensues. Will the laboring man vote to keep in power the party that has had charge of the finances and of taxation in this country ever since the war, and whose conduct of their great trust has produced the present distress?

The truth is, whatever may have been said in favor of protection in the past, it is now a curse both to the people at large and to the laborers in the industries it was designed to protect. Break down the republican tariff which now prevents our selling in foreign markets, and our languishing industries will have all the work they can attend to.

Remember, Democrats of Cumberland, that the next Legislature will be called on to elect a successor to Governor Vance. See to it that Troy's Murchison's and McClelland's election is made sure. Vance must be his own successor.

The reader will find an interesting letter from our New York correspondent on the first page.

## Concerning the Exposition.

The Raleigh *News and Observer* gives the following account of the opening ceremonies at the State Exposition last week:

The line of march was by Maj. Hinsdale's to the northeastern gate. On arrival at the grounds a large crowd was found to be present. The scene was simply magnificent. The grand stand was half full of people. The exercises began strictly in accordance with the programme. A band played the National anthem, America." Rev. Frank L. Reid, of this city, offered a fervent prayer, invoking blessings upon the exposition and the State. The next event was the speech of Gov. Jarvis, who on his appearance was loudly cheered.

As soon as Mr. Primrose had finished his speech he invited the Governor and Senator Hawley to the main building. Preceded by a company of troops the party took up the line of march to the building. On arrival there it was headed by the exposition band, and passed along the centre aisle, entering at the eastern door. President Primrose and Secretary Fries walked beside Gov. Jarvis and Senator Hawley. In rear was a glittering array of staff officers and a number of prominent civilians. The big engines were motionless. The expectant crowd, hushed to stillness, stood around with bared heads. Senator Hawley, advancing to the 100 horse power engine, revolved the wheel, turned on the steam, and in a moment the vast machine was throbbing with life and pulsing through the long lines of shafting. As the fly wheel revolved and the piston plunged, there arose a cheer from five hundred throats. A moment later the vast building grew instinct with life. Thousands of people swept here and there, eagerly gazing at the marvels before their eyes.

The exposition had opened. A great event had come to pass. The fruition of months of hope and effort was at hand.

At the grounds some five thousand persons were in attendance to witness the opening exercises. Chief among "the observed of all observers" were His Excellency, the Governor, Senator Hawley, Senator Zebulon B. Vance, Chief Justice Smith, Judge Merrimon and other distinguished persons. Gov. Jarvis' speech was to the point and well delivered. It was that of a Governor who could look back on an administration of six years that has no parallel in the annals of our State, and who may well regard the exposition as the crowning glory of that long series of important steps which has marked the progress of North Carolina while under his wise and patriotic direction.

Senator Hawley's oration was a fine effort. A manly and patiotic sentiment pervaded every part of it, and gave it tone, and at times the speaker moved the audience with flights of high eloquence. The uses and advantages of these expositions he clearly portrayed, and particularly the benefits that accrue to the people themselves who make them. When he came to speak of North Carolina and of her people, their love of liberty and manly courage, it was evident that the distinguished Orator was in hearty sympathy with his subject and spoke *con amore*; and the memories of his boyhood, so touchingly referred to, must have rekindled that love of birthplace, which is a part of a noble nature.

## Synod of North Carolina.

The synod met in the opera house Wednesday night, says the Winston correspondent of the Raleigh *News and Observer*. Rev. M. H. Houston, D. D., preached the opening sermon, after which the organization was perfected by the election of Rev. P. T. Penick moderator, Rev. J. A. Ramsay and ruling elder S. R. Scott clerks. The session Thursday and Friday was spent in the reading of reports from the various committees; the discussion of reports; and the reference of reports and resolutions to their respective committees. The N. C. synod has 116 ministers ordained; 93 laboring ministers; 8 licentiates; and 239 churches. Concord Presbytery has 15 laboring ministers, 4,804 communicants and pays $10,933 in salaries. Fayetteville Pres. 18 l. m., 5,000 com. and pays $9,616 in salaries; Mecklenburg Pres. 24 l. m. 5,027 com. and pays $13,126 in salaries; Orange Pres. 26 l. m., 4,083 com. and pays $16,409 in salaries; Wilmington Pres. 10 l. m. 1,972 com. and pays $9,767 in salaries. The average salary in Concord Presbytery is $729; in Fayetteville, $534; in Mecklenburg, $547; in Orange, $631; and in Wilmington, $976 The synod will probably close its session to-night. Among the visiting gentlemen, and there are quite a number present I noticed Rev. J. R. Hazen, D. D., of the synod of Alabama; Rev. M. H. Houston, D. D., of the synod of Kentucky; Revs. J. H. Colton and D. E. Jordan, of the synod of South Carolina; Revs. E. M. Richardson, D. D., J. F. Litemer, of the synod of Tennessee. Tomorrow all of the pulpits in the twin towns, with the exception of the Episcopal church, will be filled, morning and evening, by members of the synod.

GOV. HENDRICKS IN ANOTHER RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT.—Governor Hendricks seems to have the luck of traveling on colliding trains. Fortunately he also has good luck. A Wheeling dispatch of Saturday says that a special train of the Panhandle road, carrying ex-Gov. Thomas A. Hendricks, collided with a hand car this morning at daylight, and John Feutz, a boy of 12 years, and Thomas Waldon, trackman, were killed. Plumed knights from this city were also on the train. No one on the train was injured. A heavy fog prevailing at the time caused the accident.

THE DANISH ROYAL PALACE BURNED.—A Copenhagen dispatch of Oct. 4 says that a fire destroyed the royal palace there the night before, and spread to other buildings, but was got under control at 1.30 o'clock that morning. The archives of the Rigsdag and a number of other important works of art, including some by Thorwaldsen, were destroyed. The damage amounts to several millions kronn. The palace chapel and Thorwaldsen's museum were saved. The king and crown prince were present at the fire until midnight.

General Logan's personal appearance would be greatly improved if he were to cut his hair. It would certainly be better for the General's audiences if his wife would cut his speeches. The hair makes the General look savage, and the speeches make his audiences so.—The *Rambler*.

## From Cedar Creek.

The Harvest and Cotton-ginning in Cedar Creek —Business, Politics and Scholarship—The late Mr. Evans—Mr. Fisher.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

CEDAR CREEK, N. C., Oct. 5th, 1884.

MR. EDITOR:—The time of the harvest has come; the rich golden grain is here in abundance and the songs of the cotton pickers together with the humming of the gins produce a music by no means to be despised. Money is not plentiful, cotton is cheap; but the farmer of this section does not complain for he has plenty to eat and feels that for the coming winter he will have the wherewithal to fill the mouths of those dependent upon him.

At Idaho, J. & O. Evans are prospering, doing a first rate business selling a little of every thing the usual country man wants, and at the same time running a cotton gin with much success.

At Judson's church Messrs. L. & J. Mc Daniel and Tom Haywood are running almost constantly a steam gin and even into the hours of the night the sound of the engine whistle is heard. They are doing a good business and their patrons are more than satisfied with the manner in which their cotton is returned to them.

Politics is discussed considerably, and every white man seems more than pleased with our ticket; that it should win no reasonable man can gainsay, for it is essentially necessary that the county of Cumberland shall not be placed into the hands of the aliens who would never rest until she occupied again the position characteristic of the days of Hopkins *et al*. Yesterday afternoon I took my stand on the road in order to hear the news from town as to the result of the republican convention. A dusky delegate soon came along and gave me the desired information and with an additional reminder that all good men should go to work and assist in their election. Ah! indeed! "we do not want to be *good* if that is the path we have to follow to find it, do we my friend?" I remarked to a companion. He coincided, hoping that he would not have to sever his connection with the church because he was not sufficiently good to support those good men.

The news of the death of Josiah Evans, one of the editors of the *Sun*, was a surprise and quite a shock to the people of this section among whom he had many friends. Joe was a good hearted, whole souled man, and with feelings of the utmost sorrow did we receive the news of his death. Peace to his ashes; and consolation to those to whom he was near and dear by reason of family ties and affection.

Mr. Editor will you please be kind enough to publish the name of a young man, at present a scholar in the school at Judson's church? Evander Bullard son of Mr. Jordan Bullard, and who tho' but a little past his fourteenth birthday has worked correctly and understandingly every example in Sanford's Practical Arithmetic; and never having gone a day to any other school than the free school where he is now attending. Had he been attending the Graded School he would in all probability have been much further advanced; as it is, we think the fact of his progress worthy of mention.

We want some of the speakers to come out and talk some about how the political table is going to be set after November. We spent a night with Henry Fisher last week and he entertains his guests as nicely as he does the duties of his office. An old gentleman remarked the other day that he guessed Henry would keep on having *walk overs* until finally he would walk over for good. There is no man who could fill the place better than he and like many others we are for him just so long as he wishes the position.

YORT.

THE COTTON CROP.—New Orleans sends the following as a summary of the cotton crop report of the cotton exchange for the month of September. The great drought and small rain have been unfavorable for the cotton crop and the effect was forced, lowering its condition to 75, against 80 for August, 87 for July, 85 for June and 84 for May. From one extreme of the cotton belt to the other the drought may be said to have prevailed, and as the natural result the shedding has been general; the weather has proven, however, unusually fine for picking, and, as many correspondents say, labor is working hard to gather and save the crop. As a general thing the bottom growth is a good one, but the middle crop is only moderate, and the top crop very poor. In many portions of several States ginning had not commenced to the date of the advices received, while in other sections, with the continued dry weather, a comparatively early cessation of picking is predicted, the time running from middle to the close of October. In the Louisiana reports are found the proportionate yield of lint to the seed. The average condition of crop is as follows: Virginia, 80; North Carolina, 80; South Carolina, 81; Florida, 78; Georgia, 80; Alabama, 70; Mississippi, 75; Louisiana, 78; Texas, 65; Arkansas, 80; Tennessee, 82.

## APPOINTMENTS OF COL. W. J. GREEN

Previously Published, are hereby changed for these Counties named:

WAYNE COUNTY.

Seven Springs, Thursday, Oct. 9.
Grantham's Store, Friday, Oct. 10.
Goldsboro, Saturday, Oct. 11.

ONSLOW COUNTY.

Jacksonville, Monday, Oct. 13.
Richlands, Tuesday, Oct. 14.
Silver Dale, Wednesday, Oct. 15.
Sneal's Ferry, Thursday, Oct. 16.

By order of the
DISTRICT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

(SPEAKING TO BEGIN AT 2 P. M.

The other appointments remain as follows:

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Rhodes's Mill, Wednesday, Oct. 22.
Buckhorn, Thursday, Oct. 23.
Billy Smith's Store, Friday, Oct. 24.

BLADEN COUNTY.

White Oak, Monday, Oct. 27.
Clarkton, Tuesday, Oct. 28.
Westbrook, Wednesday, Oct. 29.

Major Charles W. McClammy, Democratic Elector for the third district, will also speak at several of the above named places on date of appointment. [tf

The Astors paid their taxes for the current year in New York on Wednesday, their contribution to the municipal revenue being $425,000. The Goelet estate paid, in part, $150,000; James Gordon Bennett, $29,500, and the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, $440,000.

The President has designated first assistant postmaster general Frank Hatton to act as postmaster general for ten days from Oct. 4.

A FLOP TO CLEVELAND.—The Buffalo *Daily Times* has been opposed to Gov. Cleveland, but Thursday evening the office of that paper was beautifully illuminated in honor of Gov. Cleveland's visit, and the *Times* of yesterday contained the following at the head of its editorial column: "The editor of the *Times*, thus naturally inclined to ally this paper more closely to the democratic party, has the further incentive to an earnest and vigorous support of the democratic candidates of sharing the general sentiment of disgust and alarm at the efforts of the republican party to foist a man upon the country as President whose public record as a legislator is smirched with corruption to an extent exceeding anything recorded in the history of any other national representative, and whose crimes against the nation the republican party is anxiously prepared to defend and indorse."

DISTRESS IN FRANCE AND ITALY.—A Paris dispatch of the 3d says that at a meeting of the cabinet council yesterday the subject of the distress among the working classes in Lyons was discussed. The cabinet sanctioned a credit of 2,000,000 francs for the purpose of rebuilding the Lyons fortifications, and thus to provide work for the unemployed. The demolition of the old fortifications will be commenced immediately. M. Raynal, minister of public works, has signed a concession for an under-ground railway.

## THE MILLITARY AT THE EXPOSITION.

### Fayetteville in the Forefront.

### The Honors Won by the Independent Company.

On the march to the Exposition buildings on the first day, October 1st, the troops were in the following order: Adjutant General Johnston Jones and staff; Inspector General F H Cameron and staff. Chief Marshal W G Lewis and staff; First Brigade, Gen M P Taylor and staff.

Band of the Second Regiment; Col A H Worth, commanding Second Regiment, and staff; the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, Maj W F Campbell; LaFayette Light Infantry, Capt W S Cook; Wilmington Light Infantry, Capt R H Beery; Shoe Heel Rifles, Capt Wm Black; Sampson Light Infantry, Capt W L Faison.

Band of Forth Regiment; Col W H Fitzgerald, commanding Fourth Regiment, and staff; Monroe Light Infantry, Capt J E W Austin; Polk Rifles, Capt W W Boyce; Dallas Light Infantry, Capt J W Templeton; Hornets' Nest Riflemen, Capt J T Anthony; Southern Stars, Capt Chas W Childs; Iredell Blues, Capt A M Vannoy.

A four-horse carriage containing Gov Jarvis, Senator Hawley, Mr W S Primrose, president of the State exposition and Judge Geo Howard. In other carriages were Col Staples and Skinner, of the Governor's staff; Col C W Woodruff, U S A, Surgeon General Eugene Grissom, Senator Z B Vance, Chief Justice W N H Smith, Associate Justice Merrimon, W G Upchurch, Esq., C D Upchurch, Esq., Mr H E Fries, secretary of the exposition. Following came the First Brigade, Gen R D Hancock commanding, with staff. First Regiment band, Col J W Cotten commanding, and staff; Pasquotank Rifles, Capt J E Wood; Washington Light Infantry, Capt Chas F Warren; Edgecombe Guards, Capt Carl W Jeffreys; Greenville Guards, Capt I A Sugg; Goldsboro Rifles, Capt W T Hollowell.

Band of Third Regiment, Col Jas D Glenn, commanding Third Regiment and staff; Durham Light Infantry, Capt E J Parrish; Reidsville Light Infantry, Capt A J Ellington; Forsyth Rifles, Capt S H Smith; Asheville Light Infantry, Capt W T Weaver; Haywood Greys, Capt J B S McIntosh.

Closing the procession were carriages containing his honor Mayor W H Dodd, the city officers and the board of aldermen. The extreme rear was closed by Assistant Surgeon General Hubert Haywood and the ambulance cor.

The procession, says the Raleigh *News and Observer*, was the finest military parade ever seen in Raleigh since the close of the war. The troops presented a magnificent appearance. The fences, yards and balconies were lined as far as one could see with ladies. The soldiers were liberally cheered.

THE COMPETITIVE DRILL.

On the second day, Thursday, the chief event of the day was the competitive drill between the companies of the State Guard for a first prize of $300 and a second prize of $100. The following companies entered, and drilled in the order named: Durham Light Infantry, Washington Light Infantry, Edgecombe Guards, Pasquotank Rifles, Forsyth Rifles, Wilmington Light Infantry, Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, and Southern Stars. The judges of the drill were Capt Haves, U S A; Lt Batcheler, U S A; Capt A C Davis, LaGrange school. About 2,000 people witnessed the drill.

On the return of the troops from the competitive drill that evening they formed in line in front of the Yarboro. There the judges of the drill through Lt Batchelor made the following report:

To THE ADJUTANT GENERAL
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:

Your committee take pleasure in reporting that the drill as a whole was eminently satisfactory, the mistakes made being, many of them, due to the recent revision of Upton's Tactics. Every company competing would do honor to any State. Any State in the Union might well be proud to count among its Guard such a private as Col. Cantwell, of the Wilmington Light Infantry, a veteran of the Mexican war, bearing on his breast the medal of Cherubusco.

In changing direction on a movable pivot, your committee observed that without exception, the pivot file failed to take the step of nine inches prescribed by tactics. Some of the movements relating to the manuel of arms (embraced between numbers 1 and 9 of the programme) have been and are now new to officers and men. Your committee feel compelled to make the foregoing criticisms, in order to increase the advantage to be derived by the State Guard from this encampment and competitive drill. As this exposition is the dawn of a new era for the industrial interests of North Carolina, inaugurated by the present administration, so this drill is the dawn of a new era for the State Guard. Your committee discern the promise of a future which shall place the State Guard of North Carolina second to none in the Union.

After a close examination of a score, where every omission and error was recorded, your committee report that the first prize is due to the Pasquotank Rifles, Company I, Second Regiment, and the second to the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, Company A, Second Regiment.

The companies which failed to gain a prize may be proud of their efficiency, and that the Pasquotank Rifles and the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry have won against such competition is a fact to be remembered by them and inscribed on their company records.

The only regret which your committee feel is that they cannot award a prize to each and every company which took part in the drill, and which they well deserve on account of their efficiency and soldierly bearing,

E. M. HAYES,
Capt. U. S. Army.
A. C. DAVIS,
JOS. B. BATCHELOR, JR.

The Independent Company was congratulated on all sides for its magnificent drilling, and cheer after cheer went up from the vast throng during the progress of the drill. If the spectators could have decided the award, the Fayetteville boys would certainly have received the first prize for drilling as well as in the rifle match.

### The Rifle Match.

### The Independent Company the Victors.

The shooting for the prize of $100 offered by the exposition was begun on Thursday and completed Friday morning. Sixteen companies were represented. Col John W. Cotten, who was in charge of the match, submitted the following report:

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct 3, '84.

GEN. JOHNSTONE JONES,

SIR: I have the honor to report that at the target matches yesterday and to-day, for the prize of $100, the scores were as follows, each company being represented by a team of five men:

| | POSSIBLE | ACTUAL |
|---|---|---|
| Co. I, 3d Regt, | 125 | 60 |
| Co. F, 2d Regt, | 125 | 54 |
| Co. B, 2d Regt, | 125 | 75 |
| Co. A, 3d Regt, | 125 | 56 |
| Co. F, 1st Regt, | 125 | 78 |
| Co. E, 2d Regt, | 125 | 79 |
| Co. D, 3d Regt, | 125 | 84 |
| Co. A, 2d Regt, | 125 | 85 |
| Co. C, 2d Regt, | 125 | 73 |
| Co. B, 4th Regt, | 125 | 81 |
| Co. C, 3d Regt, | 125 | 65 |
| Co. B, 3d Regt, | 125 | 62 |
| Co. K, 4th Regt, | 125 | 82 |
| Co C, 4th Regt, | 125 | 70 |

The companies drew numbers for positions in firing. Considering the want of practice and the fact that it was the first time that many of the men had ever shot in a match, the scores are good.

The team of Company A, 2d Regiment, the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, wins the prize.

I take pleasure in submitting this report in making special acknowledgemnt to Lt. Col. F. A. Olds, State Ordnance Officer, for his thorough preparation of all the arrangements for the match.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN W. CTTOEN,
Col 1st Regt N. C. S. G.

The following, says the Raleigh *News and Observer*, were the individual scores made by the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry last Thursday in the prize match: John B. Broadfoot, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 14; W. C McDuffie, Jr., 3, 2, 4, 3, 3, 15; E. L. Pemberton, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 22; Alex Campbell, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 18; John C. Vann, 2, 5, 4, 4 4, 19. Total 88 out of a possible 125. Serg't E L. Pemberton made the best individual score of the men who shot, from all the companies.

This is the second time Mr. Pemberton has beat the State, having won the prize in 1882.


# GRAND RALLY!

## 1,000 HORSEMEN!!

## GOV. JARVIS,

**North Carolina's Most Profonnd and Solid Orator,**

will address the people of Cumberland and Robeson at

## ROCKFISH VILLAGE,

**On Tuesday, October 14, 1884, at 11 o'clock A. M.**

A special train will leave Fayetteville at 9 15 and Lumber Bridge at 10 A. M. Fare for round trip, 25 cents from each place. Persons from the South may return on regular evening train.

Fayetteville's new Silver Cornet Band will discourse music for the occasion.

We want 1,000 mounted men to escort the distinguished chief Magistrate, who *"is no dead lead in this enterprise."* Let all the young men, old men and "Mulligan" Guards in Cumberland and Robeson take part in this Grand Procession and *"cast their anchor to windward."*

All squadrons west of the village will report to Chief Marshal A. A. Harrington at Beaver Creek at 9 o'clock and march down in time for the procession.

The Robeson County squadron, as the guests of Cumberland, will be assigned the post of honor in line.

The chariot conveying the Governor will be drawn by four white and that of the Band by four black horses. The procession will move immediately after the 11th report of the artillery.

All people in favor of honest government, State pride and bright future should join in this grand demonstration.

The Governor will speak in Fayetteville at 8 o'clock P. M.

W. C. TROY,
Chm'n County Ex. Com.

Oct. 9. 1884. 1t

# BOARDERS.

MRS. C. U. ROBINSON having taken the house recently occupied by Mr. G G. Myrover, next to the Baptist Church, will be prepared by the 15th of the month to board two or three gentlemen. Also to serve meals singly.

Terms reasonable.

Oct 9. 1884. 88 2t

# MOTHERS' FRIEND!

No More Terror!
No More Pain!
No More Danger!
TO
Mother or Child.

The Dread of
MOTHERHOOD
Transformed to
HOPE
AND
JOY.

Safety and Ease
TO
Suffering Woman.

This invaluable preparation is truly a triumph of scientific skill, and no more inestimable benefit was ever bestowed on the mothers of the world.

It not only shortens the time of labor and lessens the intensity of pain, but, better than all, it greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child, and leaves the mother in a condition highly favorable to speedy recovery, and far less liable to flooding, convulsions, and other alarming symptoms incident to lingering and painful labor. Its truly wonderful efficacy in this respect entitles the MOTHERS' FRIEND to be ranked as one of the life-saving appliances given to the world by the discoveries of modern science.

From the nature of the case it will of course be understood that we cannot publish certificates concerning this REMEDY without wounding the delicacy of the writers. Yet we have hundreds of such testimonials on file, and no mother who has once used it will ever again be without it in her time of trouble.

A prominent physician lately remarked to the proprietor, that if it were admissible to make public the letters we receive, the "Mothers' Friend would outsell anything on the market."

I most earnestly entreat every female expecting to be confined, to use Mother's Relief. Coupled with this entreaty, I will add that during a long obstetrical practice (forty years). I have never known it to fail to produce a safe and quick delivery.

H. J. HOLMES, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

Send for our Treatise on "Health and Happiness of Woman," mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

# Cheap Bagging.

WE have on hand 100 Bales Second-hand Cut Bagging at about half price.

Those that have used it say it answers every purpose. Every piece that cannot be used will be cheerfully taken back.

Ginners and others will do well to call.

E. J. LILLY, Pres't
Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills.

Oct 2, 1884. 87-2t


## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

## The People's National Bank,

AT FAYETTEVILLE, IN THE STATE OF N. C.,

*At the close of business, September 30th, 1884.*

### RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and discounts | $230,817 33 |
| Overdrafts | 3,208 00 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 32,000 00 |
| Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages, | 136 00 |
| Due from approved reserve agents | 7,161 63 |
| Due from other National Banks, | 8,017 18 |
| Real estate, furniture, and fixtures | 1,850 00 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid | 378 88 |
| Checks and other cash items | 3,619 72 |
| Bills of others Banks | 2,030 00 |
| Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies, | 258 40 |
| Specie, | 5,964 00 |
| Legal tender notes | 7,670 00 |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation) | 1,400 00 |
| Total | $304,211 14 |

### LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock paid in | $125,000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 31,000 00 |
| Undivided profits | 4,171 75 |
| National Bank notes outstanding | 28,800 00 |
| Dividends unpaid | 506 00 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 43,228 83 |
| Time certificates of deposit | 34,159 75 |
| Cashier's checks outstanding, | 229 03 |
| Due to other National Banks | 2,115 78 |
| Notes and bills re-discounted, | 35,000 00 |
| Total | $304,211 14 |

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } ss.
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, }

I, G. P. MCNEILL, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. G. P. MCNEILL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of October, 1884.

JNO. B. BROADFOOT, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
E. F. MOORE,
F. W. THORNTON, } Directors.
J. B. STARR,

Oct. 9, 1884. 1t


# NOTICE!

## CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

HAVING qualified as Executor of the last Will and Testament of Mrs. Mary E. Pemberton, on the 16th of August, 1884, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of the said Mary E Pemberton, to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

A. A. MCKETHAN.
Executor.

Oct 9, 1884. 88 4t

# NEW FALL OPENING

AT

# Pemberton's New Store.

## J. A. PEMBERTON

HAS just returned from the Grand Openings in the Northern Markets of all the

## NEW FALL STYLES,

and is now prepared to please the most fastidious in every thing that is beautiful and attractive.

### Dress Goods.

His stock of Dress Goods embraces all the latest styles SILKS, SATINS, PLAIN and BROCADE VELVETS in all shades; FLANNEL SUITINGS, CASHMERES, DRAP D'ALMA, OTTOMAN and MYOSITIS CLOTHS, a beautiful and new fabric.

### Embroideries.

A great variety of Ladies' Ready made Underwear, Embroidered Skirts, Chemises, Night Robes, &c., &c.

### Ladies' and Misses' Fall and Winter Cloaks and Wraps.

In this line he will say without fear of contradiction that his assortment surpasses any display ever offered in this city, and assures his friends they will have no excuse to send North for any thing in this line this season.

Call and examine his beautiful

### RUSSIAN CIRCULARS AND NEWMARKETS,

&c. &c. &c.

### Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

In this line he offers the BEST MAKES of the country, and warrants their STYLE and DURABILITY to surpass Zeigler's.

### House-Furnishing Goods.

BRUSSELS, INGRAIN and 3-ply CARPETINGS in great variety; VELVET RUGS, FLOOR and TABLE OIL CLOTHS; NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS—some very beautiful.

### Ready-Made Clothing.

He offers this season the finest stock of

### YOUNG MEN'S SUITS,

ever displayed in this market, which were bought at greatly reduced prices. Great bargains will be offered in this department.

A cordial invitation is extended to his friends and the public generally to call and see his beautiful and well lighted NEW STORE; a welcome and polite attention will always be given whether you make purchases or not.

Give us a call.

J. A. PEMBERTON.

Sept. 30, 1884. 87-3t

# TO THE LADIES!

HAVING moved into our elegant New Store, we are prepared to show a large and varied stock of

## DRESS GOODS,

in new styles and desirable colors, with Trimmings to match. Also, a nice line of

## WRAPS

for Ladies, Misses and Children. In

## WHITE GOODS, NOTIONS AND HOSIERY,

we defy competition, both as to excellence of quality and economy of prices.

To the selection of

## BOY'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, AND CHILDREN'S SHOES,

our special attention was directed.

An examination will convince the public that we are prepared to meet the wants of all classes.

Respectfully,

HENRY R. NOVITZKY.

Oct 1, 1884. 87tf

# Headquarters

FOR

# CLOTHING.

THERE IS NOTHING LIKE BEING PUT UPON ONE'S METAL IN COMMERCIAL LIFE, IT HELPS BOTH BUYER AND SELLER.

## HENRY R. NOVITZKY

HAS AN OLD REPUTATION TO SUSTAIN AS

## The Leading Clothier of Fayetteville,

and he is prepared to sustain it and to

## SURPASS HIS FORMER EFFORTS.

HIS STOCK OF

GENTLEMEN'S,
YOUTH'S,
BOY'S and
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

is immense! unsurpassed! and complete!

His specialty is the

## London Cut and Finish.

Ladies are invited to inspect his children's wear, and no obligation to purchase will be incurred thereby.

The money will be refunded for goods which do not prove satisfactory.

HENRY R. NOVITZKY,
*HAY STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.*
Sept 25, 1884 86tf

# Patapsco Flouring Mills,

ESTABLISHED 1774.

BUHRS 1774. ROLLS 1882.

PATAPSCO 1796 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL MFG. CO. BALTIMORE.

This Company owns and operates three Mills, as follows:

PATAPSCO MILL, A, Ellicott City, Md.
PATAPSCO MILL, B, at Baltimore, Md.
PATAPSCO MILL, C, at Orange Grove, Md.

Having a daily capacity of 1500 barrels.

The value of Flour depends on the proportionate quantity of Gluten, Starch, Sugar and Phosphate of Lime. Maryland and Virginia Wheat, from which our Patent Roller Flours are manufactured, is unequalled for its purity and superior quality of alible properties.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

| | |
|---|---|
| Patapsco Superlative. | Cape Henry Family. |
| Patapsco Choice Patent. | North Point Family. |
| Patapsco Family. | Chesapeake Extra. |
| Patapsco Extra. | Bedford Family. |
| | Orange Grove Extra. |

C. A. GAMBRILL MFG. CO.
32 Commerce St., Baltimore, Md.

Represented by
B. R. TAYLOR.
Fayetteville, N. C.

Aug 7, 1884 79 6m

# AT GEO. BRANDT'S.

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS,

1 CASE NEW SWISS EMBROIDERY.
1 case Victoria Lawns, from 10 cts. a yd. up.
1 case Printed Fast Color Lawns at 5 cts.
2 bales Mosquito Netting—all colors.
5 bales Granite Mills Apron Checks.
10 bales Dress Plaids.
25 bales Alamance Yarn.
500 dozen Coats' Spool Cotton.
1 bale Knitting Cotton—all colors.
1 case Pivot Corsets.
1 case Thetis Corsets.

To close out all our
LOW QUARTER SHOES for GENTS' and all our
LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS AT COST.

Call at once at the

Grand Central Dry Goods Bazaar,
Nos. 24, 26, 28 and 30 South Side Hay St.,
Fayetteville, N. C.

GEO. BRANDT.

July 31, 1884. 78tf


## Town Property for Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County I will, on Saturday, October 25th, 1884 at 12 o'clock M., at the Market House in Fayetteville, expose to sale by public auction, that HOUSE and LOT on Person Street in Fayetteville, between the lots of McKethan and Williams and fronting on Person Street and Cool Spring Lane, and known as "The McIntyre House and Lot."

The purchaser will be required to pay 25 per cent. of his bid in cash and to give note and security for the balance, to be paid in six months.

N. W. RAY, Commissioner.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 25, 1884. 86-4t


# REMOVAL.

MR. H. R. NOVITZKY begs to announce to the public that he has removed to one of the elegant new buildings half a block west of his late store, where a cordial invitation is extended to all to visit him

Sept 25, 1884. 86-4t

# "QUALITY TELLS THE STORY."

## OUR ROASTED COFFEES

are the best. A trial will prove all we say.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

Sept 25, 1884 86tf

# OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published every Thursday at 26 and 28 Hay Street, (Brandt's Hall.)

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 9. 1884

*TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:*

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

*RATES OF ADVERTISING:*

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square one inch for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.
Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.


MOTHERS' FRIEND!
A. A. McKETHAN—Notice.
W. C. TROY—Grand Rally!
MRS. C. U. ROBINSON—Boarders.
G. P. MCNEILL—Report People's Nat. Bank.
W. J. MCDONALD, JR.—Tobacco and Liquors.
WM. HUSKE—Report Fayetteville Nat'l Bank.


## ABOUT TOWN.

DROWNED.—The public will be grieved to learn that Miss Sallie McQueen the eldest sister of Mr. Neill McQueen was drowned on Tuesday in the creek at Rockfish.

IMPROVEMENT.—We learn that a contract for laying a concrete pavement from the store of Rose & Leak to McNeill's Music Store has just been given out. This is a sensible move.

THE LINGERING SUMMER.—Mr. Lewald informs us that a pear tree in his garden is in full bloom, and other fruit trees are budding under the prolonged heat.

GOVERNOR JARVIS.—See the notice in another column of the speaking at Rockfish on Tuesday. Gov Jarvis will address the people of Cumberland and Robeson at that point; and at night will speak in the Town Hall in Fayetteville.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Purcell and Judge McEachern, of Robeson, were in town this week. Mr. Bonnell of Shoe Heel a week ago; and our excellent friend, Mr. McDiarmid, some ten days ago, representing his excellent paper.

CHARITY THAT VAUNTETH NOT ITSELF.—Miss McRae, President of the Ladies' Benevolent Society, with very great pleasure acknowledges the receipt of twenty dollars "for food for the sick poor" from an unknown, but very generous contributor.

FLAG-RAISING AT LUMBER BRIDGE.—The Democratic Club of Lumber Bridge will raise a Cleveland, Scales and Bennett flag pole at that place on Saturday 18th—on which occasion Hon. R. T. Bennett and other distinguished speakers will address the people.

THE TWO TICKETS.—The voters of Cumberland now have the two tickets before them for County officers.

Powers, Taibert and Hall are renegade Democrats.

Will the 2 700 white voters of Cumberland let the 2,100 negro voters beat them at the polls?

THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Republican Convention which met here on Saturday made the following nominations:

Sheriff, E. P. Powers; Senator, (Cumberland and Harnett) J. F. Shaw; House, Brag Taibert, Paul Nichols; Treasurer, no nomination; Register of Deeds, W. G. Hall; Surveyor, S. C. Godwin; Coroner, no nomination.

Capt. T. C. Oakman has shown us a singular freak of nature—a twin scuppernong grape.

He also has, what he couldn't bring into the OBSERVER office, a velocipede of his own construction with which he propels himself on the railroad track from Rockfish to town in about one hour. This useful animal does not need feeding at home, nor hitching after it brings its master to town.

N. A. STEDMAN, ESQ.—That venerable Gentleman and veteran political warrior, N. A. Stedman, who for thirty years, in ante-bellum days, figured conspicuously and victoriously in the politics of our county, was here on yesterday, looking remarkably well, says the Pittsboro *Home*. "Every where he went he was surrounded by old friends. He is the father of our gallant and accomplished candidate for Lieutenant governor Maj. C. M. Stedman. We shall always be glad to greet both father and son here among the hills where they spent their boyhood days."

## OBITUARY.

### Josiah Evans.

Died, in this town, on the 31 inst., of brain fever, after an illness of about two weeks, Josiah Evans, aged 33 years.

Mr. Evans was a native of this county, having been born at the present residence of his mother, some two miles east of the Cape Fear River. His was a fine example to the youth of our land. Leaving school at about 18 years of age, he engaged actively in farming for some years, and finally opened a job printing office in this town, which by his diligence and enterprise was soon placed in a condition of great financial success. About a year ago he began the issue of the Fayetteville *Sun* in connection with his job office, subsequently entering into partnership with Mr. R. K. Bryan, Jr., in its publication.

The death of Mr. Evans was a great shock to the community, for although a young man his warm heart and kindly manner had made him many friends, and his energy and industry were admired by all. The funeral services were held at the Presbyterian church of which he was a member, on the morning of the 4th, and were largely attended by the citizens as well as by the military company and Lodge of Knights of Pythias to which he belonged, all wishing to express to the sorrowing wife, fatherless children and widowed mother their sympathy with them in their great bereavement, and to express their affection and admiration for the kindly christian gentleman, whose remains they were about to lay in its last resting place.

## Lord Macaulay—His Literary Character.

As briefly mentioned in last week's OBSERVER, Dr. Shepherd delivered a lecture before the Library Association, the night before. The distinguished lecturer commenced by sketching the literary conditions which existed at the beginning of the nineteenth century, tracing the decline of the conventional spirit under the influence of Cowper, Wordsworth, Byron, Shelly, Coleridge, and the revival of the creative spirit which was so marked a characteristic of the Elizabethan age. He endeavored to show how Macaulay's style combined the excellences both of the critical era of Anne, and the creative era of the later Georges. Macaulay's devotion to the literature of the XVIII century was pointed out at some length, and the perfection of his style was attributed in great degree to his assiduous study of its finest types. The origin of style was discussed in detail. The influence of the Euphuistic school was followed out in its later developments, and it was shown that in the quips and oddities of Lyly and his contemporaries, lay the germ of that brilliant antithesis which attained its climax under the culture of Macaulay and his successors. Macaulay's peculiar mode of treating history was shown to have been due to the influence of Sir Walter Scott. This may be gathered from a single passage in the essay on History. The great master of fiction had communicated to the great master of historic delineation, the inspiration which enabled him to invest the past with the clearness of objective reality, making it tell its own story and reveal its own secrets. The stimulating influence of Macaulay upon succeeding historians was illustrated by numerous examples, notably that of Green, who has almost rivalled the charm and brilliancy of Macaulay's manner. The lecturer concluded with a description of Macaulay's last days, his death, and his resting place in Westminister Abbey, amid the sacred precincts where he his predecessors and contemporaries, the men who have adorned every period of English literature, from the XIV to the XIX century.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY IN THE WAR OF 1812.—A friend has handed us the following names of members of the Independent Company, who served in the war of 1812—and as there are many descendants of these old patriots, throughout this Southern land to whom this reminder of bygone days may be interesting, we publish it:

Lieut. W B Grove; Ensign, Jno Eccles; 1st Serg't John Smith, 2nd Serg't John Kennedy, 3rd Serg't John Huske: 1st Corp'l Jno R Adam, 2nd Corp'l Chas P Mallett, 3rd Corp'l James Baker: Privates—Lewis Barge, Nathan Branson, Wm Broadfoot, Neill Buie, John Jarrett, Jos W King, Wm Lumsden, Arch McLean, Evander McIver, Rodrick McIntosh, Duncan McNeil, Jno McPhaul, Thomas McRacken, Martin McPherson, John Murchison, Alx McGilvery, John McKinnon, Dan'l Munn, Bethel Oglesby, Chas Rhodes, Peter Smith, Sam'l Salmon, Dan Thompson, Calvin Weeks, Cyrus P Tillinghast, Wm Bently, Thos Maxwell, W T Cole, Arch Taylor, John L Hadley. Colored—Isaac Cochrane, drummer: David Eccles, fifer.

THE VOTE FOR SHERIFF.—We understand that some of Sheriff Hardie's friends complain that injustice was done him in the report of the County Convention in last week's OBSERVER. Such, of course, was not the intention. To remove all cause of complaint, we subjoin a list of all the ballots, as follows:

| | Hardie. | Smith. | Carver. | Thagard. | Hollingsworth. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1st, | 53 | 3½ | 6 | 29½ | .. |
| 2d, | 58 | 39 | 4 | 9 | .. |
| 3d, | 62 | 44 | 4 | .. | .. |
| 4th, | 61 | 49 | .. | .. | .. |
| 5th, | 61 | 49 | .. | .. | .. |
| 6th, | 59 | 51 | .. | .. | .. |
| 7th, | 58 | 52 | .. | .. | .. |
| 8th, | 58 | 52 | .. | .. | .. |
| 9th, | 59 | 51 | .. | .. | .. |
| 10th, | 59 | 51 | .. | .. | .. |
| 11th, | 53 | 50 | .. | .. | 7 |
| | | | | | Kyle. |
| 12th, | 58 | 42½ | .. | .. | 9½ |
| 13th, | 62 | 44 | .. | .. | 4 |
| 14th, | 63 | 45 | .. | .. | 2 |
| 15th, | 65 | 42 | .. | .. | 2 |
| 16th, | 60 | 49 | .. | .. | 1 |
| 17th, | 65 | 44 | .. | .. | 1 |
| 18th, | 65 | 44 | .. | .. | 1 |
| 19th, | 65 | 44 | .. | .. | 1 |
| 20th, | 65 | 43 | .. | .. | 1 |
| 21st, | 64 | 44 | .. | .. | 1 |
| 22d, | 65 | 45 | .. | .. | .. |
| 23d, | 67 | 43 | McKethan. | Fisher. | |
| 24th, | 57 | 20 | 10 | 23 | .. |
| 25th, | 75 | 27 | 2 | 26 | .. |
| 26th, | 67 | 43 | .. | .. | .. |
| 27th, | 65 | 31 | No record of remain'g 9 votes. Draughon. Thagard. | | |
| 28th, | 66 | 43 | 1 | .. | .. |
| 29th, | 62 | 22½ | .. | 25½ | .. |
| 30th, | 64 | 30 | .. | 16 | .. |
| 31st, | 64 | 22 | .. | 23 | .. |
| 32d, | 64 | 22 | .. | 23 | .. |
| 33d, | 62 | 27 | .. | 20 | .. |
| 34th, | 61 | 45 | .. | 1 | McQueen. |
| 35th, | 56 | 33 | .. | 11 | 10 |
| 36th, | 57 | 31 | .. | 10 | 11 |
| 37th, | 64 | 27 | .. | 11 | 8 |
| 38th, | 65 | 32 | .. | 10 | 2 |
| 39th, | 52 | 12 | .. | 1 | 45 |
| 40th, | 42 | 3 | .. | 2 | 63 |
| 41st, | 34 | 2 | .. | .. | 74 |

With respect to the Senatorial nomination, in the report of the ballots published last week we were unable to procure the record of the 34 ballot. We have since learned that Mr. Poe received 69 votes on that ballot.

FOR AULD LANG SYNE.—Mr. Peter McEachin, of West Point, Mississippi, formerly of Robeson County, and the late Mr. Hale were dear friends. A short time back we printed an uncommonly interesting and well-written letter from his daughter, giving some account of Mr. McEachin's present home and delightful glimpses of his former happy life at Floral College—the stage-horn, and the mail, and the old OBSERVER and his eager enjoyment of it. For the sake of these blessed memories, Mr. McEachin is a subscriber to the new OBSERVER and a constant reader of it: and for these reasons, too, it pleases him and very tenderly touches the heart of his younger friend, the writer, to send the latter occasionally a token of his friendship. The last received is a couple of walking sticks—elaborately and ingeniously carved and mounted, and the work entirely of his own hands at 79 years of age. These will be exhibited at the coming Cumberland Fair. Thereafter they will serve, God willing, to guide other feet in the good paths ever trod by the venerable giver.

CLEVELAND, SCALES AND GREEN CLUB.—Last evening the Club met in the Town Hall, Dr. J. A. Hodges, President, in the chair, and Mr. W. D. Gaster Secretary. Mr. W. C. Troy announced that Gen. Scales would be in Fayetteville on the 20th inst., on his way to Red Springs, and moved that the Club take charge of Gen. Scales during his stay here, and extend to him a cordial welcome—which was carried. Mr. Troy also announced that Gov. Jarvis would speak at Rockfish Village on the 14th inst., and that a train would leave town at 9:15 a m., for the convenience of those wishing to hear the address—that the Governor would have a large mounted escort, and he urged all good Democrats to attend. Mr. E. M. Waddill then addressed the Club in a handsome little speech, gracefully delivered and full of sound arguement—an able appeal to the party, to which we listened with much pleasure. He was followed by Sheriff Hardie, who repudiated the idea that he was a "sore-head," telling the Club that he was more a worker than a speaker; pledging himself to the whole Democratic ticket, and urging his friends to work for the ticket. He was followed by Mr. Thos. Gill and Mr. Jno. C. Troy in stirring, enthusiastic speeches. Loud calls were then made for Mr. G. M. Rose; and, with an eloquent appeal from his tongue, the meeting adjourned.

COMMISSIONER'S COURT.—The County Commissioners met Oct. 6th, 1884. Full Board.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

A committee to audit the Sheriff's and Treasurer's accts. was appointed as follows: A. A. McKethan, Jr., Geo. M. Rose, J. H. Myrover, W. S. Cook and T. G. Hall.

Sundry bills were allowed as usual.

The following is the list of Judges for the election to be held Nov. 4th. 1884:

*Quewhiffle*—J T Sinclair, D J Patterson, Calvin Martin, Jesse Corbin.
*Little River*—A C Wright, A A Johnson, Finlayson Morrison, Eli Gowins.
*Cross Creek*—A A McKethan, Jr, Chas Haigh, A F Hobbs, John Ochiltree.
*Cedar Creek*—N L Kay, J McF Geddie, Arthur West, Henry Melvin.
*Blue Sand Hills*—W J D Haywood, W H Melvin D F Horne, Travis Bedsole.
*Black River*—L J Tew, J O Williams, H J Williford, Nathan Smith.
*Pearce's Mill*—E A Hobbs, Daniel Smith, W J Kivett, D S Bryant.
*Rockfish*—W J Buie, Alexander Biggs, E W Muslewhite, Ro Norton.
*Jay's (71st)*—Jos A McArthur, R Gainey, Hector Currie, C H Williams.
*Newton's (71st)*—George Robeson, D K Ray, George Elliot, A B McKay.
*Hale's School House*—D J Ballard, F P Hall, K S Carty, Henry Melvin.
*Jessup's Mill*—C H Cogdell, J M Jessup, Reddin McDonald, Wm Bymer.
*Kingsbury*—George Elliot, Wm S Ray, George S King, G W McDougald.
*Eureka Springs*—A McBuie, W H Elliott, J A McPhail and Phil Elliot.
*McKay's Store*—W G Adams, Cader Parker, Henry G Wood, A B Porter.
*Flea Hill*—J W Bullock, Cyrus Murphy, Hillard Moore, William Horne.
*Gray's Creek*—Abram Gainey, N L Nunalee, Alex Gilmore, Justin Nowel.

Commissioners met Oct. 7th, according to adjournment. Full Board present.

The petition to establish a free ferry across the Cape Fear River at the Dixon Old Ferry, opposite the town of Fayetteville, was granted, and a committee to ascertain the cost and plan of ferry, was appointed, as follows: W. B. Draughon, A. B. Williams and D. G. McDuffie.

The following good men were drawn for Jurors, to serve at Fall Term of Superior Court.

*First Week.*

Alex Horne, C H Hall, Jno Patterson, L L Worrell, Alex McDougald, Thos Broadfoot, David Ray, S J Ray, James Dawson, J R Godwin, Fleet Culbreth, G A Overbaugh Jno Bullock, Bryant Jones, A B Strickland, J O McLeod, J Sam Manltsby, Thos H Manltsby, J M Bruton, D C Purfield, John A Campbell, Wiley Godwin, H J Williford, Wm Smith, Jno C Currie, W D Davis, J W Rouse, Duncan Bullard, Duncan McCraney, C T Nixon, Daul Fisher, J S Smith, C M Gentry, D J Bullard, Jas C Smith, Duncan McLaurin.

*Second Week.*

T J Bullard, T A Young, Alex West, R H Tomlinson, Jno McLaurin, David Williams, D. D. Williford, I H McMillan, C H Hall, M J Jones, J Tom Schars, L C Straughn, D A Johnson, Thos H Stevens, D G Smith, Jno Shaw, Taylor Johnson, S Hamilton.

SUNDRY OBSERVATIONS.—Five weeks today since we had rain.

The circus is here and the small boy can dispose of his long saved up change.

Farmers say there will be little if any yellow cotton this Fall.

If Ohio goes Democratic lets all go hunting on the 15th.

Partridges are plentiful and plump.

The River is in a wade-able condition.

Blind Tom had a phenomenal house, considering the weather.

The C. F. Y. V. Railway runs some 5 miles into South Carolina.

Put back overcoats and take out dusters.

There is a regular procession of wagons and carts on the way to and clustered round McNeill's gin all the time.

Messrs. Hockaday & Brown, at Clarendon Mills, are busy day and night.

The water courses of Fayetteville never fail: so bring along your cotton to gin and wool to card, if your country streams are dry.

Cotton is coming in at the rate of 400 bales a day.

The planks of Eccles' bridge are being replaced with new ones.

Hog cholera has given this section the go by this season.

The woods are full of mast, and squirrels.

Some of our streets are beautifully strewn with waste paper of variegated colors, well calculated to frighten horses.

The family of Mr. W. A. Guthrie have returned from the Western part of the State.

A prominent lawyer of the city has a tree toad that croaks just before a rain. He should at once enter special pleadings for a croak.

The eclipse of the moon last week was very beautiful.

Be careful not to sleep in draughts these cool nights, lest you contract fever and ague.

Not a single unrented dwelling or store in the city, and numerous applications for new ones.

We don't care to lose credit as a prophet, so we won't speak about knowing within a few hours, of rain fall. You will remember we said "The Fayetteville boys would win a prize at Raleigh." Well, they won two, you know.

Our farmers are paying up commission merchants promptly, and hope to be entirely out of debt another season.

Squire Lutterloh is out and at the Court House again.

Lots of cabbage and apples from Western N. C. are coming to this market.

Our new Telegraph operator is a pleasant and obliging young fellow.

THE LATE MR. EVANS.—The Cleveland, Scales and Green Club met as per appointment last Friday night, Mr. J. W. Atkinson in the chair. Upon motion of Mr. E. J. Hale a committee was appointed to draft resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Mr. Josiah Evans; and the body adjourned to meet on Wednesday, when the following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, it is proper and right to put on record the appreciation of true worth and genuine patriotism; therefore, we, the members of the Cleveland, Scales and Green Club of Fayetteville, desiring to pay our tribute to the excellencies of our deported friend and fellow member, JOSIAH EVANS, do now offer the said tribute to his memory.

*Resolved*, That in the death of Mr. Evans this Club has lost an earnest, high-toned, useful member and officer, and the community a most worthy citizen, who was doing his utmost to advance its interests and add to the material prosperity thereof. In the pride of his manhood he has been cut down and we mourn the useful life eclipsed and quenched; the friend whose warm hand we shall no more press; the citizen-patriot, true to his mother land, and whom his State sadly needs, as she needs every true man.

*Resolved*, That we tender to his family our condolence in this their sore bereavement, invoking on them the blessings of God, in whose hands are the destinies of all men.

*Resolved*, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished the family of the deceased, and also the *Sun* and OBSERVER for publication.

E. J. HALE,
G. M. ROSE,
R. W. HARDIE, } Com.
JNO. N. PRIOR,
W. S. COOK,

DONATIONS TO THE UNION HOME AND HOSPITAL.—On last Thursday afternoon, the ladies met at the "Union Home and Hospital" for the purpose of "pounding" that institution. They were as usual, very liberal in their donations, and made a perfect success of the occasion, as will be seen by the following donations in money &c:

Mrs A H Slocomb $1.50; Mrs Warren Prior 50c; Mrs J H Cook 50c; Mrs U C Myrover $1.50, Mrs Jos Utley $1; A Friend $1; Mrs Hollings worth (from selling lace work) 60c; Mrs J D Williams 10 lbs coffee, 10 lbs sugar, 6 lbs soap, 1 sack flour, 1 bush potatoes, 2 hams, 4 jars chow-chow, 1 package of hominy, 41 yds sheeting; Miss Eliza Rose potatoes, honey and grapes; Mrs J C Thomson coffee, sugar, apples, starch, breakfast strips, Irish and sweet potatoes, onions, hominy, matches, soda, rice, meal and soap; Mrs J G Odell, potatoes; Mrs J C Haigh Sr., sugar, rice and wine; Mrs John Dalngerfield meal and flour; Mrs J C Haigh, Jr, sugar; Mr John Culbreth, potatoes; Miss Mary Hall potatoes, meal; Mr Dan'l McArthur potatoes; Mr. Arthur Smith, bell-peppers; Mrs Geo Brandt pickles, preserves jelly and coffee; Charlie Troy coffee; Mrs M A Baker flour and rice; Mrs T J Walton coffee; Leon Farrar baking powder and sugar; Mrs Bryan, salmon; Annie Monroe flour; Geo Dye waiter and two spoons; Mrs G W Lawrence rice; Misses Hardin and McKee sugar and coffee; Miss Janie McArthur sugar; Miss Alice Campbell catsup; Mrs David Owen sugar; Mrs Jas. S Evans mutton; Frederick Hale rice and sugar; Geo Wood coffee; James Wood sugar; A Friend 1 package of coffee, Mary McLean sugar; Maggie Whitehead salt; A Friend 2 packages of sugar and 1 of rice; A Friend 1 linen table-cloth; Mrs F Wood flour; Mrs W L Hawley sugar; Mrs A J O'Hanlon rice, coffee, sugar and soap; Mrs Geo Thomson hominy, peaches, cassup, pickles, jam, cabbage, rice and asparagus; Mrs A B Williams potatoes; Archie Wightman sugar; Mrs A A McKethan flour and sugar; Callie McKethan rice; Mrs E T McKethan hominy, tapico and oat meal; Maggie McKay, sugar; M Rouse coffee; Mrs F H Lamnean wine; Mrs Lowald meal; Mary Utley sugar; Minnie Utley rice; Katie Utley salt; A Friend 1 bar of victoria soap; Mrs Ann J Smith coffee; Mary, Lizzie and Charlie Lamb sugar; Mattie Sedberry sugar; Mrs U C Myrover sugar, hominy and coffee; Mrs Geo Myrover, sugar, pickles and pepper; Mrs J C Hooper 1 loaf of bread; Mrs McLaurin linen towels; Mrs W W Cole coffee; Miss Lizzie Rishton sugar; Miss Mary Green coffee; Mrs Kate McNeill, beet and lemons; Mrs Geo P McNeill 1 jar preserves, sugar and coffee; Nelly Pemberton sugar; Mary Rouse sugar; Janie Atkinson sugar; Neily Graham soap; Cameron McRae 10 lbs sugar, James Warwick, soap; Robbie Troy hominy; John Lee coffee; Lena Calais matches; Herbert Atkinson matches; Jimmie Rouse soap; Charlie Jordan soap and sugar; Mrs Monaghan sugar, coffee, rice, nutmegs, vinegar and catsup; Mrs Addison Worth vegetables, okra, tomatoes and potatoes; Mrs T D Haigh mackerel; Douglas Haigh 10 lbs lard; Mr J D McNeill sends a peck of meal and a peck of hominy regularly every week.

## DIED.

ANDERSON—Suddenly, of heart disease, at the home of S. A. Baldwin, Esq., in this city, on the 5th of October, 1884, Miss ELIZABETH A. ANDERSON, in the 60th year of her age. She had been an acceptable member of the Methodist Church for 44 years.

MCKETHAN—In this town, on Sunday morning, October 5th, of diphtheria, ELIZA STREET, only daughter of E. T. and J. W. McKethan, aged 4 years, 4 months and 14 days.

LANCASTER—In Robeson County, September 15, 1884, at the residence of T. L. Wallace, Miss SUSAN LANCASTER, in her 84th year. She had been a member of the Methodist church for fifty years. She was a great sufferer but bore her afflictions with great patience, and died in perfect peace.

LOVE—At Tar Heel, Bladen County, October 1st, of diphtheria, ELIZA JAMES, only child of W. J. and Emily S. Love, aged 12 years and 6 mos.

*Raleigh News and Observer* please copy.

MCGEE—At his home, near Mexia, Limestone, county, Texas, October 2d, 1884, WILLIAM W. MCGEE, son of Benj. McGee, of Cumberland Co., N. C. The deceased was raised in Cumberland county, but for the last fourteen years has lived in Limestone county, Texas. He had been suffering for some time with kidney disease, which produced dropsy, from both of which he died. The deceased leaves a wife, five children and his father, two brothers and three sisters to mourn their loss. With the bereaved relatives we drop a tear, which is the "purest symbol of love." Mc (as he was called) was a good neighbor and citizen, and this notice will bring sad news to his host of friends in North Carolina and elsewhere.

J. F. C.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.


**An Editor's Experience.**

After trying numerous remedies for Rheumatism, but without permanent relief, I was advised to use S. S. S., which had given permanent relief to others suffering from rheumatism. After taking half a dozen bottles I found that the disease was entirely driven out of my system, and a permanent cure secured. This was over a year ago, and since then, even during our most severe weather, with sudden changes, I have never suffered a return of the old attacks which disabled me from editorial work.

It is very seldom, indeed, that I recommend anything to the public in this manner, but I feel it due to your valuable preparation, that has given me such long desired and much needed relief, to state these facts thus publicly. I am sure that but for your Specific, I should have been laid aside from journalistic work, as the severest attack was in my right arm and hand.

SIDNEY HERBERT, Atlanta, Ga.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., 159 W. 23d St., N. Y., and 1205 Chestnut St., Phila.

**The Great Industrial Exposition at New Orleans**

Is attracting attention all over the world. It will present in the ordinary life of one of the largest and most influential centres of the world, there will be seen many strange and curious things constantly occurring. None stranger perhaps than the Grand Monthly Drawing of The World-Famed Louisiana State Lottery Co., which will next occur there on Tuesday, Oct. 14th, of which all information can be had of M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., on application.

DO NOT ALLOW WORMS TO CHEAT your children out of their living. Shriner's Indian Vermifuge will destroy these miserable pests, and give the little fellows new armors for the battle of life.


## Fayetteville Market.

CORRECTED BY
A. S. HUSKE & CO.,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| N. C. BACON— | | North Carolina, | 35@50 |
| Hog Round, | 13@00 | Northern, | 1.00@1.25 |
| Sides, | 14@00 | HIDES— | |
| Hams, | 15@00 | Flint—good | 10@11 |
| WEST. BULK MEATS— | | " damaged. | 5@7 |
| Sides, | 12@00 | Dry Salt, | 10@00 |
| Shoulders, | 9@00 | Green, | 5@50 |
| WESTERN BACON— | | IRON— | |
| Sides, | 13@00 | American, | 3@4 |
| Hams, | 17@00 | Swedes, | 5@6 |
| Shoulders, | 9½@10 | LARD— | |
| BAGGING— | 11@12 | North Carolina, | 10a12 |
| BEEF— | | Western, | 10@12 |
| On foot, | 3@3½ | LEATHER— | |
| Dressed, | 6@7 | Upper, | 35@40 |
| BEESWAX— | 22@24 | Sole, | 26@29 |
| BUTTER— | | Harness, | 28@32 |
| North Carolina, | 20@25 | MOLASSES— | 35@45 |
| Northern, | 35@40 | NAILS— | |
| COFFEE— | | 10 penny—basis | $2.85 |
| Java, | 20@30 | PORK— | 6½@7 |
| Rio, | 10@15 | POTATOES— | |
| COTTON YARN— | 1.00 | Sweet, | 40@ |
| COTTON TIES | 1.25a1.65 | Irish, bush | 50@75 |
| CHICKENS— | 15@25 | SALT— | 1.00@0.00 |
| EGGS— | 17½@00 | SUGARS— | |
| FLOUR— | | Coffee, | 6½@8 |
| N. C. Fam. | $4.50@.460 | Granulated, | 8@10 |
| Wes. Fam. | 4.25@7.00 | SHEETINGS— | 7½@00 |
| FODDER— | 50@75 | SHUCKS— | 50@00 |
| GRAIN— | | TALLOW— | 5@6 |
| Corn, | 75@80 | WOOL— | 16@00 |
| Oats, | 40@00 | SPIRITS— | |
| Rye, | 1.00@60 | Corn Whiskey, | 2.00 |
| Peas, | 1.00@1.50 | Rye Whiskey, | 4.00 |
| HAY— | | Apple Brandy, | 3.00 |

## COTTON MARKET.

CORRECTED BY
A. E. RANKIN & CO.
DEALERS IN
COTTON, NAVAL STORES, &c

| | |
|---|---|
| Middling | 9@00 |
| Low Middling | 00@00 |
| Ordinary | 00@00 |
| Stained | 00@00 |

## Fayetteville Naval Stores Market.

| | |
|---|---|
| Crude Turpentine— | |
| Hard | $ 150@0 00 |
| Yellow Dip | $1.50 |
| Virgin Dip | $1.75 |
| Spirits | 24@00 cents. |
| Rosin, Strained to Pale | 6½@2 75. |

## WILMINGTON MARKET.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 7—4 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was quoted dull at 27½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—The market was quoted dull at 92½ cts. for Strained and 97½ for Good Strained.

TAR—The market was firm at $1.30 per bbl. of 280 lbs. with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady with sales reported at $1.00 for Hard and $1.60 for Virgin and Yellow Dip.

TIMBER—M feet—Extra Heart (first class yellow pine), $13.00, 00.00@12.00; Prime Shipping (first class heart), 10.00@00.00; Extra Mill (good heart) $8.00, $0.00@$00.00; Mill Prime, $6.50@7.50; Common Mill $4.00@$4.50; Inferior to Ordinary, $3.00@$1.00—*Wil. Star.*

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FAYETTEVILLE NATIONAL BANK,

AT FAYETTEVILLE, IN THE STATE OF N. C.,
*At the close of business, September 30th*, 1884.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and discounts, | $323,686 12 |
| Overdrafts, | 4,909 28 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation, | 67,000 00 |
| Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages, | 2,566 90 |
| Due from approved reserve agents, | 16,373 91 |
| Due from other National Banks, | 245 33 |
| Real estate, furniture, and fixtures, | 10,820 78 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid, | 1,412 65 |
| Checks and other cash items, | 2,154 65 |
| Bills of other Banks, | 3,805 00 |
| Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies, | 491 74 |
| Specie, | 9,941 25 |
| Legal tender notes, | 10,488 00 |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation,) | 2,115 00 |
| Total, | $461,010 61 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock paid in | $200,000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 33,000 00 |
| Undivided profits | 6,629 09 |
| National Bank notes outstanding | 60,300 00 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 88,887 87 |
| Demand certificates of deposit | 16,604 70 |
| Cashier's checks outstanding | 28 00 |
| Due to other National Banks | 1,381 77 |
| Due to State Banks and bankers, | 10,679 18 |
| Notes and bills re-discounted, | 43,500 00 |
| Total | $461,010 61 |

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, *County of Cumberland.* } SS.

I, WILLIAM HUSKE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. WM. HUSKE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of October, 1884.

W. T. TAYLOR, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
J. D. WILLIAMS,
E. J. LILLY, } Directors.
A. A. MCKETHAN, JR.,
Oct. 9, 1884. 1t


**W. J. McDonald, Jr.,**
**Green Street,**
(next door to J. N. Smith's),

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all grades of TOBACCOS and TOBACCONISTS' GOODS, and FINE FOREIGN and DOMESTIC LIQUORS.

A Lot of Low Grade Tobacco 11 inch 5s and 10 inch 6s.

25,000 CIGARS, from very fine to common.

PURE LIQUORS for Medicinal Purposes.

W. J. MCDONALD, JR.
Oct. 9, 1884. 88 2t

# LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Having just returned from the Great Northern Cities, where we purchased a LARGE and COMPLETE STOCK of

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CONSISTING OF

## Ready-Made Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, HARDWARE, TINWARE,
TOBACCOS, SNUFF, CIGARS, &c., &c.

We have our Mammoth Store at

**Nos. 41 and 43 Person Street,**

Filled with ALL the DIFFERENT KINDS of

## HOUSEHOLD GOODS

That heart could wish or desire, and at PRICES SO LOW that ANY ONE need not be without. Our line of

## Heavy Groceries

Is COMPLETE, and we now offer special inducements to Country Merchants. In our up stairs we show a great variety of goods that we offer at WHOLESALE at GREAT BARGAINS. Don't make a trade for ANYTHING without FIRST CALLING ON US, as you will save money by so doing.

R. H TOMLINSON & CO.,
41 and 43 PERSON STREET.
Fayetteville, Oct. 2, 1884. 87 3m

# NEW FALL GOODS.

MILLINERY, NOTIONS,

FANCY GOODS, CHILDREN'S HAND-KNIT HOODS, SACQUES, &c.; Ribbons, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Plumes, Tips, Beaver, French and Wool Felt and Straw Hats and Bonnets, Collerettes, Laces, Handkerchiefs, &c.

The best selected stock in the State, at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

We have added 5 and 10 cent counters of useful articles up stairs.

Grand opening of PATTERN HATS and BONNETS about the 8th and 9th of October.

MRS. DYE,
17 HAY STREET.
Oct. 1, 1884. 87tf

Established 50 Years.

GOLDEN YEAR 1884

ESTABLISHED 1834 FAYETTEVILLE, N.C.

WARREN PRIOR & SON

THE JEWELERS.

PROGRESS! MERIT!

APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS IN FAYETTEVILLE FOR THE SALE OF THE

**Aurora Watch Compan's Watches.**
**Rockford Watch Company's Watches.**

LEROY W. FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS,

## WARREN PRIOR & SON,

**Watchmakers, Jewelers and Silversmiths,**

AGENTS FOP THE SPENCER OPTICAL COMPANY'S SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES.

Fayetteville, August 14, 1884. 80tf

# McNEILL & CO.

# MUSIC STORE.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Largest and best appointed Music House in North Carolina. All kinds of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music sold on the most reasonable terms. Can save you from $10 to $18 in the purchase of an Organ, and from $20 to $30 in the purchase of a Piano. Instruments shipped to all parts of the country. Organs of six celebrated makes—Sterling, Clough & Warren, Palace, Lancaster, Burdett and Estey. Pianos—Stieff, Shomacker, Hallet & Cumston and Peek.

Send for Catalogues of Pianos, Organs, Band Instruments, Sheet Music, &c.
Prompt attention paid to correspondents. Address

McNEILL & CO.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
August 14, 1884. 80tf

# E. T. McKETHAN,

McKethan Building, Fayetteville, N. C.,
—DEALER IN—

## Corn, Oats, Flour, Meal, Rice,

**Hominy, Sugar, Coffee, Soap, Starch, etc.**

Fayetteville, N. C., July 17, 1884. 76tf

## OVERBAUGH HOUSE,

(A. OVERBAUGH, Prop'r,)
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE liberal patronage of Commercial Agents and Travelers is a sufficient guarantee of its excellent accommodation and good management. It stands among the

**First Hotels of the State.**

Owned by the proprietor, every effort possible is put forth for the comfort and pleasure of its guests.
Sep 25, 1884 86 2m

FOR BEST QUALITY OF
CANNED GOODS,
call on
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

**I Am Receiving Daily**
Fresh Supplies of Heavy and Fancy Groceries of the best brands.

FLOUR from the celebrated Gambrill Mills, Sugars, Teas, Coffees of the best quality, including the fine Peabury Coffee.
Bacon, Lard, Fish, Butter, Molasses and Syrup.
Canned Goods, Candies—French and Plain.
Fruits—Foreign and Domestic.
Vegetables of all kinds.
Toilet and Laundry Soaps.
Wood and Willow-ware, Crockery and Tinware, Cutlery.
Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes, all of the finest brands. A fine Chromo with each pound of Lorillard's Smoking Tobacco.
Also, all Goods found in a first-class Grocery Store. A. GARRASON.
Feb'y 27, 1884. 56tf

LATEST
IS AMER'S AMERICAN WAFER
BISCUIT,
at A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.

### In the Far Northwest.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

POMEROY, WASH. TER., Sept, 23d 1884.

MR. EDITOR:—It was not my intention to write you anything in regard to this immediate section, till I could get around to it in its regular turn. I will now go back and speak of

SHOSHONE, IDAHO TERRITORY.

This is a new town, on the Oregon Short Line Rail Road. It is pronounced *Sa Shon-e*, the accent on the second sylaable. The town is in the great lava region, is mostly built of lava rock, and takes its name from the Shoshone tribe of Indians. This town will doubtless become the county seat of Alturas county, a county having as much area as half the State of North Carolina.

At Shoshone is built the shops and round houses of the O. S. L. R.R. The buildings are of lava stone, and present quite a fine appearance. From this point there is a branch rail road running to Haily, a considerable mining town in the northern part of Altura county. Shoshone is built on the eastern bank of Little Wood River, a clear pure stream, running in its lava bed, and with its surface only three or four feet below the surface of the land. This stream is from ten to fifteen feet wide and by some means has cut its bed in the solid stratum of lava rock which underlies the country. I was shown a well which had been dug only a few feet from the bank of the Little Wood, and strange to say, that altough the bottom of the well was some twelve feet below the surface of the River, there was no indication even of moisture in the well.

This portion of Idaho can never become an agricultural section. It seldom rains here and irrigation is next to impossible. Stock raising and mining will remain the chief, if not only interests of this section.

At Shoshone I attended a session of a

JUSTICE'S COURT.

The court was held in the front end of a rock building, in a room about twelve feet square. The back end of the same building was used for a prison. There were three men confined in this dark, uncouth den. The Justice was a long lank yankee, a correct specimen of the Connecticut nutmeg vender. While in court, there was quite an important case disposed of. It was a civil suit, in which the furniture of a hotel was held under an attachment. The Justice dismissed the case, because the clerk of his court had failed to write the name of the plaintiff's attorney upon the back of the complaint. The Idaho statute requires the clerks of the courts to write the names of the attorneys upon the back of the pleadings, at the time of filing them. Here the clerk had failed to do it and notwithstanding the fact that an immense bill of costs had accumulated, no amendment was allowed and the cause was dismissed.

SOCIETY.

In Shoshone I saw the first of society in the far North-west. I was introduced to several young gentlemen and found them sociable, polite, and in no way to be distinguished from the young men of the States. I called with a friend upon one young lady, Miss Church, and was much pleased with her. She performed well on the piano, and played for me "The Storm," "Shower of Pearls," "Silvery Muse," "Wandering Sprite" and several other beautiful and difficult pieces, such indeed as I hardly expected to hear at Shoshone. Miss Church conversed decidedly well, and so far as I could see showed that thorough scholarship which is said to be taught in the Mormon colleges. She was educated, though a gentile, at Salt Lake City.

On the evening following my call upon Miss Church I had the pleasure of going with her to a

CLUB BALL.

The floor of the club room was covered with painted canvas. This kind of carpeting makes an excellent floor upon which to dance. The music was good, consisting of a harp and two violins. There were about thirty or forty couples present, the women looking very much like one sees them on similar occasions elsewhere.

I was introduced to two or three ladies, when I was told that an introduction was an unnecessary formality. After this I asked any lady to dance with me towards whom my fancy directed me. Only one lady refused to dance with me: she simply said "No, I don't want to." I was told, that among the ladies present all of them were married except three.

DESPERADOES

I met at Shoshone two veritable desperadoes. One of these was from Arkansas; the other from Texas. The Arkansas man was a fine specimen, a well formed man about thirty-five years old, over six feet high, and weighing about two hundred and twenty five pounds. He was a constable, and told me in five minutes after I met him, as soon as he found out I had served in the Confederate army, that he had killed three men since he had come out west.

The other desperado was a man of medium size, with nothing about his general appearance to attract attention. He had killed half a dozen men. When some one spoke of his last victim, I cautiously asked him if he would object to telling me the particulars of the affair. He replied "Well, stranger, I reckon not. You see I went in the saloon, and Smith looked at me, and allowed as how he could lick any red-headed — — in the county. Now I would'nt a took no fence at his remark, only as how I was sort o sorrel on top myself. So I ses to him, ses I, maybe you could if you had the drap on him. Then Smith ses to me, ses he, well I've got it. Then I jest poked her (touching his revolver) up agin him, and turned her loose, and he found he had'nt it." The location of

RAILROAD TOWNS

is somewhat peculiar. A party of men will select a location which is to become a town. It is usually at the crossing or junction of several Indian trails; for it has long been known that the roads as a rule will follow these old trails. After the site of a town is selected, the ground is laid off in streets and town lots, a few inferior board houses are built, an excursion is gotten up to the new town, a few lots are sold at big prices and then the boom begins. Lots sell fast and houses go up rapidly. In a year or two perhaps, only a vestage of the town will remain.

During my stay in Shoshone there was a Mormon Excursion on the O. S. L. got-ten up for the purpose af giving a boom to some new town which had but lately been laid out. The excursion train on its way east was overhauled at American Falls on the Snake River, by a croud of cow-boys, and the brass band commanded to get out and play a tune. The band responded to the demand, and after playing a few pieces were treated to beer, thanked for their music and discharged amid the wild hurrahs and pistol firing of the delighted cow-boys.

EPSILON.

### General Bergevine.

The Chapel Hill correspondent of the Raleigh *News and Observer*, whom we take to be Rev. Dr. Phillips, wrote that journal on August 22d as follows:

"I read in Forbes' life of 'Chinese Gordon,' a book of absorbing interest—one that all our young folks should read, for it sets before them a noble example of energy and independence, and devoutness, and costs, in "The Standard Library," as published by Funk & Wagnalls, only fifteen cents—as follows, about Gordon's opponent in China, the leader of the Taeping rebelion: 'This Burgevine, a noteworthy man in his way, was a native of North Carolina. His father had been one of Napoleon's officers. He was a scholar, and had been a gentleman, who made shipwreck of his life because of ambition. He was reported as having been drowned by the capsizing of a boat.'

"Do any of your readers remember this General Bargevine, perhaps as only "a postoffice clerk or as editing an American newspaper?" In 1836 there was in the University a teacher of the French language, an excellent scholar, who staid at Chapel Hill only a short time, because of a propensity to drink. He was then an elderly man. Could he have been the father of the adventurer in China? He lived in New Berne, and I send this note that some old New Bernian may see it and be able to tell something more about this brilliant, but unstable rover. I and several of my youthful companions were private pupils of the University man, reciting to him in Dr. Mitchell's parlor. He was in manners a gentleman when not tipsy."

To which the New Berne Journal of October 24 replies that "the elder Burgevine spoken of here married a Miss Brugman in this city, who lived in the building now occupied by the National Bank. He taught French at the New Berne Academy; was teaching there in 1832 when Edmund Burgevine, his son, and doubtless now the General Burgevine referred to above, was a student and class-mate of Dr. J. A. Guion. Dr. Guion left New Berne in 1835 and learned afterwards that young Burgevine went to China to seek his fortune.

"We get this information from Dr. Guion, who saw the above communication while at Waynesville during the summer."

### The Plumed Knave.

*From Mr. Blaine's Speech in the House,* April 24, 1876.

"I never had any transaction of any kind with Thomas A. Scott, concerning bonds of the Little Rock and Fort Smith Road, or the bonds of any other railroad, or any business in any way connected with railroads, directly or indirectly, immediately or remotely."

*Speaker Blaine's Letter to Fisher, Jan.* 26, 1871.

"I have this moment written to Mr. Caldwell suggesting that, in case I can arrange a meeting in this city with Col. Thomas A. Scott, to come on here. I have some reason for believing that a very advantageous arrangement may be made for taking say $500,000. * * * Let me have an accurate and reliable statement of your financial condition, and I can do something. I feel very sanguine, with Thomas A. Scott." *Mr. Fisher's Letter, Nov.* 10, 1871:

"Taking into account the $100,000 bonds *you sold to Tom Scott.*"

*Fisher to Blaine, November* 8, 1871.

I have placed you in positions whereby you have received very large sums of money without one dollar of expense to you, and you ought not to forget the act on my part. Of all the parties connected with the Little Rock & Fort Smith railroad, no one has been so fortunate as yourself in obtaining money out of it.

*Blaine to Fisher April* 16, 1876.

I want you to send me a letter such as the enclosed draft: "You became the purchaser of about $30,000 of the bonds on precisely the same terms that every other buyer received, paying for them in installments, running over a considerable period as others did.

*Blaine's letter to Fisher, April* 16, 1876.

I want you to send me a letter such as the enclosed draft: "Concealment of the investment and everything connected with it would have been very easy had concealment been desirable; but your action in the whole matter was as open and fair as the day."

*Blaine's Letter to Fisher, Nov.* 8, 1871.

I do not wish to seem importunate and troublesome; but if you knew the agonies I have suffered in this matter during the past six months you would pity me, I am sure and make great effort to relieve me. *Pray let me know what I am to expect.*

*Blaine's Letter to Fisher, October* 5, 1869.

"I note what you say about the importance of my keeping all quiet here. I fully appreciate your wisdom and your kindness, and shall endeavor to do just as you desire in the premises.

*Blaine's Letter written for Fisher to sign.*

"The transaction was perfectly open, and there was no more secrecy in regard to it than if you had been buying flour or sugar."

*Blaine's Letter to Fisher, Oct.* 4, 1869.

"No one will ever know from me that I have disposed of a single dollar to Maine. So there need be no embarrassment in talking with Mr. Caldwell."

*Blaine's Statement in House, Ap'l,* 1876.

My whole connection with this road has been open as day. * * * When concealment is desirable, avoidance is desirable.

*Blaine before the House in* 1876.

I am not afraid to show the letters. Thank God Almighty I am not ashamed to show them.

*Blaine's Letter to Fisher, Ap'l* 16, 1876.

Regard this letter as strictly confidential. Do not show it to any one. * * * BURN THIS LETTER.

According to a New York correspondent of the Detroit *Times* Mr. J. G. Blaine said of his theatrical libel suit against an Indianapolis editor: "I shall push the case just as vigorously as I should if I were a private citizen who had been similarly outraged." And, pray, what else than a private citizen does Mr. J. G. Blaine consider himself to-day? And what else than a private citizen is he likely to be, if he lives, for many a long year to come?

Lord Tennyson's new work consists of a single long dramatic poem, the subject being Becket.

General Gordon has recaptured Berber from the Soudan rebels.

### Address of the National Democratic Committee.

HEADQ'RTERS NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE, 11 WEST 24TH ST., NEW YORK, Sept. 22d, 1884.

*To the People of the United States:*

The National Democratic partyof the United States has pledged itself to purify the Administration of Public Affairs from corruption; to manage the Government with economy; to enforce the execution of the laws and to reduce taxation to the lowest limit consistent with just protection to American labor and capital, and with the preservation of the faith which the nation has pledged to its creditors and pensioners.

The open record of the man, whom it has named as its candidate for the Presidency, has been accepted by thousands of independent Republicans, in every State, as an absolute guarantee that, if he is elected, all these pledges will be exactly fulfilled, and that, under his administration, good government will be assured.

To secure these results all good citizens must unite in defeating the Republican candidate for President. His history and political methods make it certain that his administration would be stained by gross abuses, by official misconduct and wanton expenditure of the public money, and would be marked by an increase of taxation which would blight the honest industry of our people.

Against us, and against those honorable Republicans who, for the sake of good government, have made common cause with us, notable combinations have been made.

These are chiefly made up of four classes.

*First.* An army of officeholders, who, by choice or compulsion, are now giving to Republican committees, as parts of the campaign fund of that party, moneys paid to such officers out of the Treasury for services due to the people of the United States.

*Second.* Organized bodies of men who, having secured by corrupt means the imposition of duties, which are in excess of all sums needed for the wants of the Government and for the protection of American labor and capital, and having thus gained enormous wealth, are willing to pay largely to the Republican campaign fund for the promise of the continuance and increase of such duties which constitute a system of bounties to monopolies under the false pretense of protection to American industry.

*Third.* A host of unscrupulous contractors and jobbers, who have grown rich upon public plunder, and are ready to pay tithes of what they have acquired in order to avoid all risk of being called to account for the evil methods by which their wealth has been gained

*Fourth.* Corporations which, having appriated the public lands by the aid of corrupt agencies in the Republican party, believe they will be compelled to give up their ill gotten gains if that party is driven from power, and are, therefore, willing to keep it in place by giving it a percentage of their unrighteous theft.

This committee has not troops of officeholders at its command.

It will not agree to sell the future legislation of Congress for money paid now into its party treasury.

It will not promise immunity to thieves.

It will not contract to uphold any corrupt bargain, heretofore made by the Republican party with any corporation, for all the wealth which that corporation can offer.

IT APPEALS TO THE PEOPLE against one and all of these opponents, thus corruptly banded together against the friends of good government.

The number of these opponents is small, but their wealth is great, and it will be unscrupulously used. An active and vigorous campaign must be made against them. Their paid advocates must be met and defeated in debate upon the platform and in the discussion in the newspapers. The organization of all who are opposed to them must be perfected in every State, city and county. Money is needed to do this honest work. Your committee, refusing to adopt methods by which the Republican party fills its treasury, calls upon all good citizens for the aid which it requires.

It invites, and will welcome, contributions from every honest man who is opposed to the election of James G. Blaine as President. No contribution will be accounted too small. Wherever a bank, banker, or postal money order office can be found, the means exist for placing at disposal of the TREASURER of this committee, individualy, or collectively, contributions in aid of the great cause in which we are engaged—or, money may be remitted by mail, to CHARLES J. CANDA, Treasurer, at No. 11 West 24th street, Few York.

When victory is achieved over the unscrupulous combination, which is now endeavoring to thrust James G. Blaine into the Presidential office, the recorded list of such contributors will be a roll of honor, such as no other party in this country has ever possessed.

Our opponents cannot be saved from disaster by forcing their unwilling candidate to speak to assemblages of the people.

The man who wrote the Fisher letters will never be the choice of the people for the Presidency of the United States.

ARTHUR P. GORMAN.
Chairman Democratic National Executive Committee.

THE BLAIR EDUCATIONAL BILL.—Dr. York is in the habit of censuring the Democrats for not passing the Blair Bill at the last session of Congress. An examination of the Congressional Record shows that Mr. Hiscock, the leader of Dr. York's party on the floor of the House is responsible for the action of the House in not expediting the passage of the bill.

The following extract from the Congressional Record, page 3,348, explains the matter:

Mr. Aiken. "I am instructed by the committee on education to ask unanimous consent of the House to [illegible] the Speaker's table Senate bill No. 398 for reference to that committee."

Mr. Hiscock. "I object."

This bill was the Blair Bill. Mr. Aiken was a Democrat. Mr. Hiscock was the Republican leader of the House—he interposed his objection and the motion was defeated!—*Hickory Press.*

"Gov. Cleveland believes in giving to labor the lion's, not the pauper's, share."

### Sport in the Virginia Blue-Grass.

How many sportsmen are there who have pursued the upland plover in its native blue-grass, and battened on its delicious fatty accumulations, after it has been brought to bag with an ounce and a quarter of No. 7 shot? Not many, I venture to say: simply because, as a game bird, it is comparatively unknown. Here in the garden spot of Virginia, where, in the valley between the Blue Ridge and the Bull Run Mountains, stretch away through London and Fauquier counties a vast series of undulating hills, covered with a blue-grass sod of twenty years, the grass plover finds his summer home. A few of them breed here, but thousands arrived in the neighborhood about the 15th of August from some unknown region, and garnered the harvest of idle grasshoppers that picnic on the broad domain.

His back is feathered like and is somewhat the color of a jacksnipe, while the belly and throat are white. He is bigger than a full-grown partridge, with a long, slim neck, a long, soft beak, small head, long legs, unfeathered for some distance above the knee. He has a flight as rapid and steady as a wild duck, but as erratic as a katydid's, if he chooses it to be, and gives vent when aroused from his grasshopperian repast to a chuckel that is defined into a shrill whistle, repeated three times in quick succession as its flight becomes more active and his direction more decided. I have killed plover withir the past few days weighing over half a pound and around whose bodies were layers of fat a quarter of an inch thick. If a bird is stopped short in his flight up in the air with a good charge of No. 7 shot, and falls thirty yards, the chances are, if he is fat, he will burst open with his own weight. I have killed rail on the Patuxent, reed bird in the marshes and shore birds on the ocean beach, but never have I seen a bird that has such facility for getting fat, nor whose fat is, withal, so toothsome. The flavor is more like that of a good canvasback duck than any other game bird I can compare it with. It is all dark meat and is very full and fleshy about the breast, loins and thighs.

The plover is very shy and excessively sensative. He knows a gun when he sees one; can tell that the forked animal which carries it is not so harmless as the red and white steer that grazes on the hillside. Dress in clothes about as near the color of dry grass as possible and eschew anything prominent or bright colored about your person. Carry a hundred shells, loaded with 3½ drachms of powder and 1½ ounces of shot. Now then you are ready. Crouch low to the ground. Get on your hands and knees and—I beg your pardon—try to look as much like a calf or a hog as possible. Put your gun where the sun will not shine bright on the barrels, and occasionally imitate the plover whistle. Often it is possible to divert their flight over the place where you stoop within easy gunshot. Don't overdo it though. Now you bring 'em down right and left, if you are anything of a shot. Great, fat fellows, with breasts like pouter pigeons. Down they come, whilling at the crack of your gun.—*Fauquier Letter in the Baltimore American.*

### Uncle Esek's Wisdom.

There is no rule for beauty; this enables every man to have a little better-looking wife than any of his neighbors.

I don't expect to please everybody. I don't know as I would if I could, for I don't think anybody but a fool could do it.

The last thing a man doubts is his judgment, when it ought to be the first thing he is suspicious of.

When the Devil turns moralist look out for breakers; no one can tell where he is going to hit next; he can't even tell himself.

The world is all agog just now; every body wants to talk, and nobody wants to listen—the fool-killer will be around soon

I believe in moral suasion—as a collateral.

Ignorance is the principal ingredient in bigotry—obstinacy and a general cussedness complete the job.

It aint so much the ignorance of mankind that makes them ridiculous, as the knowing so much that aint so.

Jokes weren't made to cast before swine, any more than pearls were; and the man who can make them shouldn't throw them around too loose.

The man who can, in a few words, tell all he knows, on any subject, at a minute's notice, is a hard one to tangle.

It is the brains of the Devil that make him terrible; a fool devil is the lowest order of crank.—*The Century.*

OLD MEN'S DARLINGS.—A French philosopher with a leaning to statisics has taken a great deal of pains to find out the countries of Europe in which divorce is most common, and has succeeded in preparing a table that will be found interesting by those who devote attention to such matters. One of this inquisitive person's alleged discoveries has an unique attraction, inasmuch as it seems to supply some sort of proof that European women are apt to give practical application to the oft-quoted line: "I'd rather be an old man's darling than a young man's slave."

The philosopher says that out of every 1,000 divorces obtained, 184 are granted to persons between whose ages there is merely the usual difference, but that of girls who are twenty-five or more years younger then their husbands there are only 10 who obtain divorces to the 1,000 granted. This is cheering, or ought to be, to the bachelor who, being in the "sere and yellow leaf," has rashly abandoned all hopes of matrimony. If the philosophic person is to be believed, he is just the man girls want. And then the post nuptial prospect is so delightful. Peace and harmony must be written over the portals wherein May and December dwell.

Maj. Stedman has completely won our people by his fine appearance and happy way of dealing with men and measures. He is acknowledged to be the best campaigner that has yet visited Winston. Democrats are enthusiastic over him, and the party here is thoroughly determined to make him our next Lieutenant Governor. —*Winston Leader.*

Georgia elected a Governor and other State officers on the 1st inst. There was no opposition to the Democratic ticket. McDaniels was re-elected Governor.


## Bagging and Ties, Hardware,

H. H. H.,

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

## CAN BE FOUND —AT— McMillan Bros.,

IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR LARGE SELECTION OF

COOKING STOVES, OIL STOVES,

**Ice Cream Freezers,**

WATER COOLERS,

SPONGE, HIP and INFANT BATH TUBS, TIN TOILET SETS,

GALVANIZED WELL & WATER BUCKETS, BLOCK TIN-WARE.

GRANITE IRON-WARE

BRASS and ENAMELED PRESERVING KETTLES,

**STEP LADDERS,**

TERRA COTTA CHIMNEY FLUES AND TOPS,

**Drive Wells and Garden Pumps,**

CHIP SKIMMERS, ROSIN DIPPERS, WHEEL-BARROWS, &c.

*CALL AND SEE US!*

McMILLAN BROS.

June 5, 1884. 70tf

## Document No. 1—1884.

DEMOCRACY vs. REPUBLICANISM.

*HANDBOOK OF NORTH CAROLINA POLITICS FOR* 1884.

THE PLATFORMS, THE PARTIES AND THE ISSUES THOROUGHLY DISCUSSED.

THE influence of Document No. 1, issued by the Democratic State Executive Committee in 1882, was general y recognized as decisive in that year's campaign.

A similar Handbook has been prepared for this year's use, and will be issued immediately after the sessions of the Chicago Democratic Convention.

The Handbook will be a well printed pamphlet of about 150 pages, 8vo., and will contain the fullest information on matters in this year's elections.

Document No. 1, for 1884, will be supplied at

*TEN DOLLARS PER HUNDRED,*

the actual cost of type setting, paper and press work.

In order that the size of the edition may be determined, prompt orders are requested

Address, RALEIGH REGISTER, Raleigh, N. C.

NEW AND REVISED EDITION OF

## Stephens' United States.

E. J. HALE & SON have just issued a new edition of STEPHENS' UNITED STATES, Revised and Enlarged by Mr. Stephens, whose last days were occupied in adding to the volume, first issued in 1872, the history of the county from 1872 to 1883.

The book is too well known to need reproduction of tributes to its excellence. Mr. Stephens had peculiar qualifications for his work. He was a statesman, identified with more than half a century of national growth and personally familiar with all of the men who have made their mark on the country's history during that period. His mind was eminently philosophical, and his writings are not mere dry details of events. He was a prominent actor in the most exciting and important scenes of our history, and wrote from personal observation and matured experience. He was a sincere and steadfast lover of truth.

These qualities enabled Mr. Stephens to make a book pronounced by the best teachers

THE MOST VALUABLE COMPENDIUM EVER MADE FOR THE SCHOOL ROOM,

the only school history really readable, and by the most eminent men, North and South, a work of highest excellence, vigorous, precise, perspicuous, truthful;

A PERFECT HAND BOOK

for the Statesman and for the Student of American History.

The new and complete edition—one volume 12mo, 526 pages—is well printed and strongly and tastefully bound. Price $1 50. Liberal rates made for introduction into schools and colleges, and a copy mailed to any teacher for examination on receipt of 75 cents.

Stephens' United States is for sale by all Booksellers, and by the Publishers,

E. J. HALE & SON,

Nos. 66 and 68 Reade Street, New York.

## Merchant Mills.

**The Old Reliable again to the Front!**

IN STOCK and to arrive, all kinds of GRAIN. With a double set of Burrs I am able to turn out a large quantity of Meal per day and can thus offer special inducements to buyers of Ground Stuff

Flouring Mill in first-class order.

Feed Meal—corn, peas and oats—Cracked Corn and Oats, Bran, &c., a specialty.

Bolted Meal, same price as unbolted.

THE PLACE to get your Wool Carded or Cotton Ginned. JAS. D. McNEILL.

Fayetteville, April 23, 1884. 64-1y

## AYER'S Ague Cure

**contains an antidote for all malarial disorders which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.**

**WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE**

**to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to refund the money.**

**Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.**

**Sold by all Druggists.**

June 5, 1884 70-26t

## Cumberland Foundry.

EMMITT & SON, IRON FOUNDERS,

ON the line of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., only 15 minutes ride to Emmitt's Cut, at Rockfish, have rebuilt their works, recently destroyed by fire. These are now in full blast, and they solicit a liberal share of the public patronage. Any work in the Iron line can be done by them as well as any where in the United States, and at lower prices than anywhere else in North Carolina, as our machinery is run by water.

It is strictly a Home Enterprise, among the People and for the People. They guarantee satisfaction in all cases.

Walter Watson, of Fayetteville, will receive orders for them and T. S. Lutterloh will receive and pay the highest cash price for scrap iron, and other metals, for them, or they will buy same at Foundry. EMMITT & SON.

June 12, 1884. 72-com12m

## 150 Hhds. Molasses.

WE OFFER THIS LOT OF EXTRA PRIME Porto Rico Molasses at low prices, in Bbls. or Hhds. EDWARD KIDDER & SON.

Wilmington, N. C., March 27. 61-tf

## J. E. GARRETT, Book and Job Printer,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

SOLICITS orders for Pamphlet Work, General Letter-Press Printing, Blanks of all kinds, and every description of printing.

Jan'y 2, 1884. 48tf

## Fayetteville Hardware and Supply House.

WALTER WATSON.

BOILER IRON cut any size and holes drilled for patching; Patch and Stay Bolts any size; Tools for patching boilers &c.

Steam Gauges and Valves all sizes.

Gauge Glasses any length.

Steel all kinds and sizes; American and Swedes Iron any size.

Ropes and Twine; Grindstones and fixtures.

Builders' Hardware—such as Locks, Hinges, &c., &c.

Powder, Shot and Caps.

Gun and Pistol Cartridges.

Guns, Rifles and Pistols from $1 to $100. In fact everything kept in stock that constitutes a first-class Hardware Store.

Breech Loading Gun Cartridges loaded—any size.

☞ Repairing done in all its branches by first-class workmen under the personal superintendence of myself.

WALTER WATSON.

Two doors from the Fayetteville Observer Office. Aug 30, 1883 30tf

## Lumber! Lumber! Lumber!

I AM NOW READY TO FILL ORDERS for Lumber in any quantity, size or shape, cut from the very best of timber.

Orders left with Walter Watson, my agent Fayetteville, will have prompt attention

JAMES D. WORRELL.

Jan. 30, 1884.

## A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

**FROM THE SON:** "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.

"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

**FROM THE FATHER:** "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully, HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

**Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.**

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

## HERRING'S SAFES.

## HERRING'S SAFES.

THE attention of merchants and others in need of a positively Fire and Burglar Proof Safe is called to the fact that I am still the Agent for Herring's unrivalled Safes. I will sell any styles or sizes at manufacturers' prices, or will trade for old safes. WALTER WATSON.

Nov 22, 1883 42tf


### TIME TABLE No. 8.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

*To take effect at* 5 36, *A. M., on Thursday, July* 10, 1884.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

☞ Standard Time—Clock in General Office.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH

| *Northern Division.* STATIONS. | Distances | No. 1. Mail, Passenger & Freight. Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | A. M. | A. M. |
| Fayetteville | 0 0 | 10 50 | |
| Manchester | 13.5 | 11 20 | 11 10 |
| Spout Spring | 20.1 | 11 50 | 11 45 |
| | | P. M. | P. M. |
| *Rock Branch | 27.5 | 12 20 | 12 20 |
| Swann's | 29.0 | 12 30 | 12 36 |
| Jonesboro | 34.1 | 1 13 | 1 00 |
| Sanford | 37.1 | 2 15 | 1 23 |
| Egypt | 43.5 | 2 50 | 2 41 |
| Gulf | 46.5 | 3 10 | 3 05 |
| Richmond | 53.7 | 3 44 | 3 39 |
| Ore Hill | 58.0 | 4 12 | 4 02 |
| Siler | 62.6 | 4 35 | 4 30 |
| Staley | 70.0 | 5 10 | 5 05 |
| Liberty | 74.4 | 5 35 | 5 28 |
| Julian | 81.5 | 6 15 | 6 10 |
| Pleasant Garden | 89.6 | 6 52 | 6 47 |
| Greensboro | 97.6 | | 7 25 |

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

| STATIONS. | Distances | No. 2. Mail, Passenger & Freight. Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | A. M. | A. M. |
| Greensboro | 0 0 | 10 00 | |
| Pleasant Garden | 8 0 | 10 25 | 10 32 |
| Julian | 16 10 | 11 15 | 11 07 |
| Liberty | 23 2 | 11 50 | 11 43 |
| | | P. M. | |
| Staley | 27 6 | 12 15 | 12 08 |
| Siler | 35 0 | 12 50 | 12 45 |
| Ore Hill | 39 6 | 1 28 | 1 08 |
| Richmond | 44 9 | 1 58 | 1 53 |
| Gulf | 51 1 | 2 33 | 2 26 |
| Egypt | 54 1 | 2 53 | 2 48 |
| Sanford | 60 5 | 3 40 | 3 19 |
| Jonesboro | 63 5 | 4 05 | 3 54 |
| Swann's | 68 6 | 4 33 | *4 20 |
| *Rock Branch | 70 1 | 4 59 | 4 39 |
| Spout Spring | 77 5 | 5 24 | 5 19 |
| Manchester | 83 5 | 6 00 | 5 50 |
| Fayetteville | 97 6 | | 6 40 |

*Southern Division.*

| STATIONS. | Distances | No. 3. Mail, Passenger & Freight. Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | P. M. | P. M. |
| Fayetteville | 0 0 | 7 40 | |
| Rockfish | 7 2 | 8 15 | 8 05 |
| McNatt's | 14 0 | 8 45 | 8 40 |
| Lumber Bridge | 16 5 | 9 05 | 8 55 |
| Shandon | 21 1 | 9 33 | 9 23 |
| Red Springs | 24 4 | 9 58 | 9 48 |
| Wakulla | 28 5 | 10 20 | 10 11 |
| Floral College | 32 4 | 10 46 | 10 35 |
| Shoe Heel | 35 8 | | 11 00 |

| STATIONS. | Distances | No. 4 Mail, Passenger & Freight. Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | A. M. | A. M. |
| Shoe Heel | 0 0 | 4 19 | |
| Floral College | 3 4 | 4 44 | 4 34 |
| Wakulla | 7 3 | 5 10 | 5 00 |
| Red Springs | 11 2 | 5 34 | 5 26 |
| Shandon | 13 7 | 5 58 | 5 48 |
| Lumber Bridge | 19 3 | 6 23 | 6 19 |
| McNatt's | 21 8 | 6 49 | 6 39 |
| Rockfish | 28 6 | 7 24 | 7 14 |
| Fayetteville | 35 8 | | 7 49 |

*Flag Stations.

JAS. S. MORRISON, Gen'l Sup't.

July 10, 1884. 7tf


## Fayetteville Bookstore.

WE keep constantly on hand all Books recommended by the State Board—all School Books in general use.

Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books.

Poetical and Miscellaneous Works.

Note, Letter, Legal and Foolscap Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c.

Autograph and Photograph Albums

Blank Books.

Full and half bound Days and Ledgers of all qualities and prices.

Toy Books, Games, Photograph, Cabinet and Panel Frames, Box Paperettes, Cards and Envelopes to match; Wedding, and Birth-day Cards, Chromos, &c. In fact a full assortment of all articles kept in a Bookstore.

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Nov 8, 1883 40tf

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